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LATIN
VOCABULARY.
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A FIRST
LATIN VOCABULARY
AND ACCIDENCE

FOR THE USE OF BEGINNERS

BY JAMES SKERRETT BAIRD

OF TRINITY COLLEGE DUBLIN

*Author of 'A Catalogue of Greek Verbs' 'The Classical Manual'
'The Homeric Dialect' &c*

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MDCCCLV



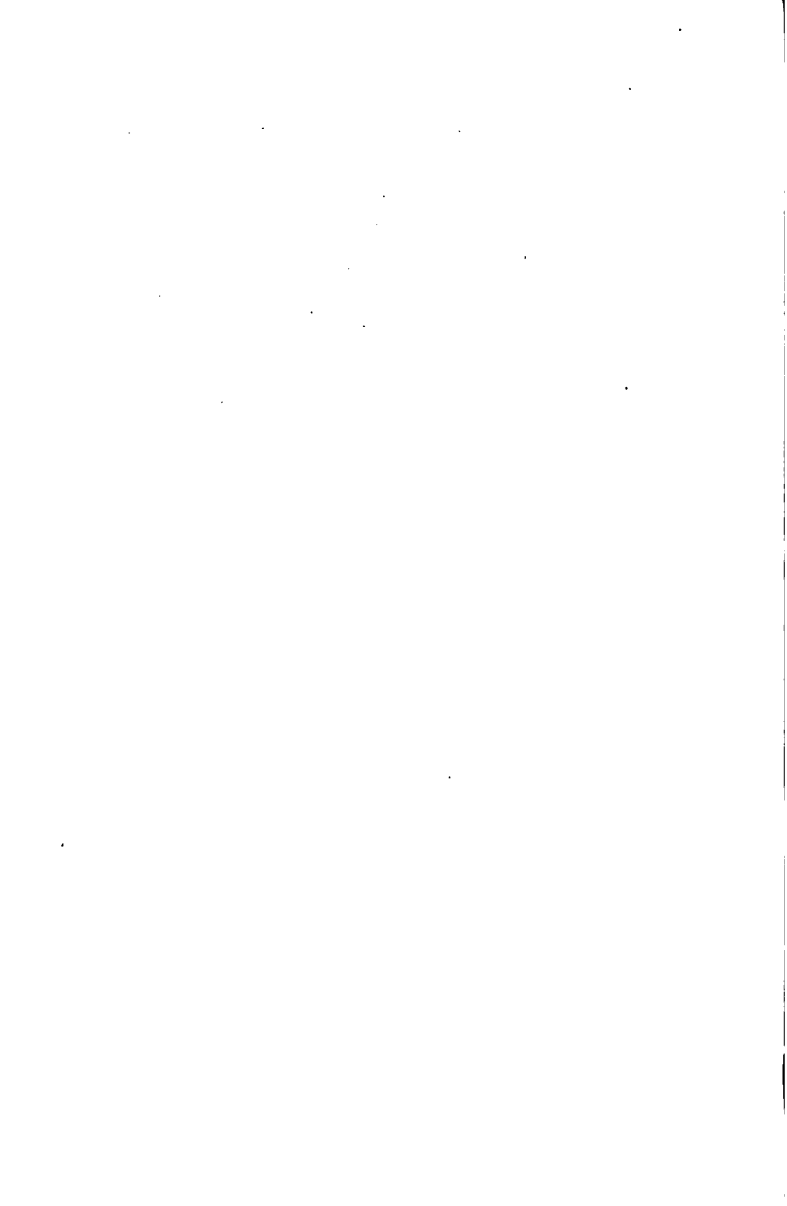
ADVERTISEMENT.

THE object of this little work is to combine with the Latin Accidence a Latin Vocabulary. The advantage of this arrangement is twofold ; the learner is thoroughly grounded in the rudiments of *Grammar*, and at the same time his memory is stored, by means of the Vocabulary, with a *fund of words* which will prove of essential service to him in his first construing lessons.

No definitions of the several Parts of Speech, Declension, Mood, Tense, &c., have been given, as experience proves that these can be more effectively impressed on the mind of the pupil, and more thoroughly understood, by the repeated questions and *vivâ voce* explanations of the Master.

HYDE HOUSE SCHOOL,

Winchester, November, 1854.



INTRODUCTION.

Nouns in Latin have six cases—

1. The Nominative.
2. Genitive, having the sign *of*.
3. Dative, " " *to, for*.
4. Accusative.
5. Vocative, " " *O*.
6. Ablative, " " *by, with, from, in*.

There are FIVE DECLENSIONS of Latin substantives, distinguished by the ending of the genitive case.

The genitive of the		1st declension ends in <i>æ</i> .		
		2nd	"	" <i>i</i>
		3rd	"	" <i>is</i> .
		4th	"	" <i>us</i> .
		5th	"	" <i>ei</i> .

NOTE.—1. The vocative is always like the nom., except in the second declension.

2. The dative and ablative plurals are always alike.

3. The nominative, accusative, and vocative of all neuters are alike, and end in the plural in *a*.

The mark ^ˉ over a letter shows that it is to be pronounced long, as *finis*; the mark [˘] that it is to be pronounced short, as *ānimus*.

FIRST DECLENSION.

Distinguished by the ending of the genitive case in *æ*.

<i>Singular.</i>		<i>Plural.</i>	
N. Mūs-a,	<i>a muse.</i>	N. Mūs-æ,	<i>muses.</i>
G. Mus-æ,	<i>of a muse.</i>	G. Mus-ārum,	<i>of muses.</i>
D. Mus-æ,	<i>to a muse.</i>	D. Mus-is,	<i>to muses.</i>
A. Mus-am,	<i>a muse.</i>	A. Mus-as,	<i>muses.</i>
V. Mus-a,	<i>O muse.</i>	V. Mus-æ,	<i>O muses.</i>
Ab. Mus-ā,	<i>by a muse.</i>	Ab. Mus-is,	<i>by muses.</i>

GENDER.—General rule—All nouns of this declension are feminine, except names of men and appellations of men.

EXAMPLES.

mens-a -æ,	<i>a table.</i>
penn-a,	<i>a pen, wing.</i>
foss-a,	<i>a ditch.</i>
schol-a,	<i>a school.</i>
hōr-a,	<i>an hour.</i>
vi-a,	<i>a road, way.</i>
fili-a,	<i>a daughter.</i>
fām-a,	<i>a report, fame.</i>
terr-a,	<i>the earth, land.</i>
aqu-a,	<i>water.</i>

copi-a,	<i>plenty (pl. forces).</i>
culp-a,	<i>a fault.</i>
insūl-a,	<i>an island.</i>
ir-a,	<i>anger, wrath.</i>
pātri-a,	<i>country.</i>
pecūni-a,	<i>money.</i>
port-a,	<i>a gate.</i>
præd-a,	<i>booty.</i>
turb-a,	<i>a crowd.</i>
stell-a,	<i>a star.</i>
mor-a,	<i>delay.</i>

SECOND DECLENSION.

Distinguished by the ending of the genitive case in *i*.

<i>Singular.</i>			<i>Plural.</i>		
N.	Domin-us,	<i>a lord.</i>	N.	Domin-i,	<i>lords.</i>
G.	Domin-i,	<i>of a lord.</i>	G.	Domin-ōrum,	<i>of lords.</i>
D.	Domin-o,	<i>to a lord.</i>	D.	Domin-is,	<i>to lords.</i>
A.	Domin-um,	<i>a lord.</i>	A.	Domin-ōs,	<i>lords.</i>
V.	Domin-e,	<i>O lord.</i>	V.	Domin-i,	<i>O lords.</i>
Ab.	Domin-o,	<i>by a lord.</i>	Ab.	Domin-is,	<i>by lords.</i>

GENDER.—General rule—Nouns of this declension ending in *er* and *us* are masc., those ending in *um* neuter.

dōmīn-us -i	<i>a lord.</i>
ann-us,	<i>a year.</i>
equ-us,	<i>a horse.</i>
mūr-us,	<i>a wall.</i>
taur-us,	<i>a bull.</i>
āmīc-us,	<i>a friend.</i>
ānīm-us,	<i>the mind.</i>
agn-us,	<i>a lamb.</i>
fūm-us,	<i>smoke.</i>
glādī-us,	<i>a sword.</i>

hort-us,	<i>a garden.</i>
lud-us,	<i>play, sport.</i>
mund-us,	<i>the world.</i>
nīd-us,	<i>a nest.</i>
nuntī-us,	<i>a messenger.</i>
ocūl-us,	<i>the eye.</i>
serv-us,	<i>a slave.</i>
sōcī-us,	<i>a companion.</i>
somn-us,	<i>sleep.</i>
vent-us,	<i>the wind.</i>

<i>Singular.</i>		<i>Plural.</i>	
N. Fili-us,	<i>a son.</i>	N. Fili-i,	<i>sons.</i>
G. Fili-i,	<i>of a son.</i>	G. Fili-ōrum,	<i>of sons.</i>
D. Fili-o,	<i>to a son.</i>	D. Fili-is,	<i>to sons.</i>
A. Fili-um,	<i>a son.</i>	A. Fili-ōs,	<i>sons.</i>
V. Fili,	<i>O son.</i>	V. Fili-i,	<i>O sons.</i>
Ab. Fili-o,	<i>by a son.</i>	Ab. Fili-is,	<i>by sons.</i>

fili-us,	<i>a son.</i>
gēnī-us,	<i>genius.</i>
Virgīlī-us,	<i>Virgil.</i>
Mērcūrī-us,	<i>Mercury.</i>

<i>Singular.</i>		<i>Plural.</i>	
N. Liber,	<i>a book.</i>	N. Libr-i,	<i>books.</i>
G. Libr-i,	<i>of a book.</i>	G. Libr-ōrum,	<i>of books.</i>
D. Libr-o,	<i>to a book.</i>	D. Libr-is,	<i>to books.</i>
A. Libr-um,	<i>a book.</i>	A. Libr-ōs,	<i>books.</i>
V. Liber,	<i>O book.</i>	V. Libr-i,	<i>O books.</i>
Ab. Libr-o,	<i>by a book.</i>	Ab. Libr-is,	<i>by books.</i>

āg-er, Gen. ag-ri,	<i>a field.</i>
magist-er -ri,	<i>a master.</i>
cult-er -ri,	<i>a knife.</i>
minist-er -ri,	<i>a servant.</i>
arbīt-er -ri,	<i>an umpire.</i>
cāp-er -ri,	<i>a goat.</i>
lib-er -ri,	<i>a book.</i>
fāb-er -ri,	<i>a workman.</i>

pū-er -ri,	<i>a boy.</i>
gēn-er -ri,	<i>a son-in-law.</i>
vesp-er -ri,	<i>evening.</i>
libēr-i (pl. only),	<i>children.</i>

NEUTER GENDER.

Singular.

N.	Regn-um,	<i>a kingdom.</i>
G.	Regn-i,	<i>of a kingdom.</i>
D.	Regn-o,	<i>to a kingdom.</i>
A.	Regn-um,	<i>a kingdom.</i>
V.	Regn-um,	<i>O kingdom.</i>
Ab.	Regn-o,	<i>by a kingdom.</i>

bell-um -i,
tel-um,
pom-um,
aur-um,
templ-um,
föll-um,
coel-um,
don-um,
æv-um,
ingeni-um,
membr-um,
negoti-um,
oppid-um,
prœli-um,

Plural.

N.	Regn-a,	<i>kingdoms.</i>
G.	Regn-ōrum,	<i>of kingdoms.</i>
D.	Regn-is,	<i>to kingdoms.</i>
A.	Regn-a,	<i>kingdoms.</i>
V.	Regn-a,	<i>O kingdoms.</i>
Ab.	Regn-is,	<i>by kingdoms.</i>

war.
a weapon.
an apple.
gold.
a temple.
a leaf.
heaven (pl. cæl-i and a).
a gift.
an age.
ability.
a limb.
business (pl. things).
a town.
a battle.

Singular.

N.	Vir,	<i>a man.</i>
G.	Vir-i,	<i>of a man.</i>
D.	Vir-o,	<i>to a man.</i>
A.	Vir-um,	<i>a man.</i>
V.	Vir,	<i>O man.</i>
Ab.	Vir-o,	<i>by a man.</i>

Plural.

N.	Vīr-i,	<i>men.</i>
G.	Vir-ōrum,	<i>of men.</i>
D.	Vir-is,	<i>to men.</i>
A.	Vir-os,	<i>men.</i>
V.	Vir-i,	<i>O men.</i>
Ab.	Vir-is,	<i>by men.</i>

Singular.

N.	Dēūs,	<i>God.</i>
G.	Dēī,	<i>of God.</i>
D.	Dēō,	<i>to God.</i>
A.	Dēum,	<i>God.</i>
V.	Dēūs,	<i>O God.</i>
Ab.	Dēō,	<i>by God.</i>

Plural.

N.	Dēī, or Dī,	<i>Gods.</i>
G.	Dēōrum or Dēūm,	<i>of Gods.</i>
D.	Dēīs, or Dīs,	<i>to Gods.</i>
A.	Dēōs,	<i>Gods.</i>
V.	Dēī, or Dī,	<i>O Gods.</i>
Ab.	Dēīs, or Dīs,	<i>by Gods.</i>

THIRD DECLENSION.

Distinguished by the ending of the genitive case in *is*.

1. NOUNS NOT INCREASING.

<i>Singular.</i>		<i>Plural.</i>	
N.	Nub-es, <i>a cloud.</i>	N.	Nub-ēs, <i>clouds.</i>
G.	Nub-is, <i>of a cloud.</i>	G.	Nub-ium, <i>of clouds.</i>
D.	Nub-i, <i>to a cloud.</i>	D.	Nub-ibus, <i>to clouds.</i>
A.	Nub-em, <i>a cloud.</i>	A.	Nub-es, <i>clouds.</i>
V.	Nub-es, <i>O cloud.</i>	V.	Nub-es, <i>O clouds.</i>
Ab.	Nub-e, <i>by a cloud.</i>	Ab.	Nub-ibus, <i>by clouds.</i>

N. B. Nouns not increasing in the gen. case make the gen. plural in *-ium*, except *Canis*, &c.

ens-is, gen. <i>-is</i> , M.	<i>a sword.</i>
āv-is, F.	<i>a bird.</i>
cīv-is, C.	<i>a citizen.</i>
class-is, F.	<i>a fleet.</i>
fīn-is, M.	<i>the end.</i>
ign-is, M.	<i>fire.</i>
host-is, C.	<i>an enemy.</i>
nāv-is, F.	<i>a ship.</i>
vulp-es, C.	<i>a fox.</i>

The following make the gen. plural in *-um*:—

cān-is, gen. <i>-is</i> , C.	<i>a dog.</i>
vāt-es, C.	<i>a poet or bard.</i>
pan-is, M.	<i>bread.</i>
pāter, gen. <i>pātr-is</i> , M.	<i>a father.</i>
māter, gen. <i>mātr-is</i> , F.	<i>a mother.</i>
senex, gen. <i>senis</i> , C.	<i>an old man.</i>
juvĕn-is, C.	<i>a young man.</i>
prōl-es, F.	<i>offspring.</i>
frater, gen. <i>fratris</i> , M.	<i>a brother.</i>
apis,	<i>a bee.</i>

NEUTERS—NOT INCREASING.

<i>Singular.</i>		<i>Plural.</i>	
N.	Mār-e, <i>the sea.</i>	N.	Mār-ia, <i>seas.</i>
G.	Mar-is, <i>of the sea.</i>	G.	Mar-ium, <i>of seas.</i>
D.	Mar-i, <i>to the sea.</i>	D.	Mar-ibus, <i>to seas.</i>
A.	Mar-e, <i>the sea.</i>	A.	Mar-ia, <i>seas.</i>
V.	Mar-e, <i>O sea.</i>	V.	Mar-ia, <i>O seas.</i>
Ab.	Mar-i, <i>by the sea.</i>	Ab.	Mar-ibus, <i>by seas.</i>
	altār-e,		<i>an altar.</i>
	sedīl-e,		<i>a seat.</i>
	rēt-e,		<i>a net.</i>
	cubīl-e,		<i>a bed.</i>
	monīl-e,		<i>a necklace.</i>

N.B. Neuters in *-e*, *-al*, *-ar*, have abl. *-i*, and make nom. plural in *-ia*, and the gen. in *-ium*.

2. NOUNS INCREASING LONG.

<i>Singular.</i>		<i>Plural.</i>	
N.	Amor, <i>love.</i>	N.	Amōr-es, <i>loves.</i>
G.	Amōr-is, <i>of love.</i>	G.	Amōr-um, <i>of loves.</i>
D.	Amor-i, <i>to love.</i>	D.	Amor-ibus, <i>to loves.</i>
A.	Amōr-em, <i>love.</i>	A.	Amōr-es, <i>loves.</i>
V.	Amor, <i>O love.</i>	V.	Amōr-es, <i>O loves.</i>
Ab.	Amōr-e, <i>by love.</i>	Ab.	Amor-ibus, <i>by loves.</i>
	lab-or, -ōris, M.		<i>toil, labour.</i>
	serm-o, -ōnis, M.		<i>a speech.</i>
	virt-us, -ūtis, F.		<i>virtue, bravery.</i>
	civīl-as, -ātis, F.		<i>a state, city.</i>
	sacerd-os, -ōtis, C.		<i>a priest.</i>
	hēr-es, -ēdis, C.		<i>an heir.</i>
	merc-es, -ēdis, F.		<i>a reward.</i>
	rādi-x, -īcis, F.		<i>root.</i>
	tell-us, -ūris, F.		<i>the earth, land.</i>
	volunt-as, -ātis, F.		<i>pleasure.</i>
	senect-us, -ūtis, F.		<i>old age.</i>

<i>Singular.</i>		<i>Plural.</i>	
N. Rex,	<i>a king.</i>	N. Rēg-es,	<i>kings.</i>
G. Rēg-is,	<i>of a king.</i>	G. Reg-um,	<i>of kings.</i>
D. Reg-i,	<i>to a king.</i>	D. Reg-ibus,	<i>to kings.</i>
A. Reg-em,	<i>a king.</i>	A. Reg-es,	<i>kings.</i>
V. Rex,	<i>O king.</i>	V. Reg-es,	<i>O kings.</i>
Ab. Reg-e,	<i>by a king.</i>	Ab. Reg-ibus,	<i>by kings.</i>
	urb-s, -is, F.		<i>a city.</i>
	stirp-s, -is, F.		<i>a race, stock.</i>
	fon-s, -tis, M.		<i>a fountain.</i>
	mō-s, -ris, M.		<i>a custom.</i>
	vō-x, -cis, F.		<i>voice.</i>
	lū-x, -cis, F.		<i>light.</i>
	du-x, -cis, M.		<i>a leader.</i>
	par-s, -tis, F.		<i>part.</i>
	pā-x, -cis, F.		<i>peace.</i>
	fau-x, -cis, F.		<i>throat.</i>
	no-x, -ctis, F.		<i>night.</i>
	l-is, -tis, F.		<i>strife, lawsuit.</i>

NEUTERS INCREASING.

<i>Singular.</i>		<i>Plural.</i>	
N. Os,	<i>a mouth.</i>	N. Or-a,	<i>mouths.</i>
G. Or-is,	<i>of a mouth.</i>	G. Or-um,	<i>of mouths.</i>
D. Or-i,	<i>to a mouth.</i>	D. Or-ibus,	<i>to mouths.</i>
A. Os,	<i>a mouth.</i>	A. Or-a,	<i>mouths.</i>
V. Os,	<i>O mouth.</i>	V. Or-a,	<i>O mouths.</i>
Ab. Or-e,	<i>by a mouth.</i>	Ab. Or-ibus,	<i>by mouths.</i>
	o-s, -ōris		<i>the mouth.</i>
	o-s, -ōssis,		<i>a bone.</i>
	cor, -dis,		<i>the heart.</i>
	cru-s, -ris		<i>leg.</i>
	mel, -lis,		<i>honey.</i>
	la-c, -tis,		<i>milk.</i>
	rū-s, -ris,		<i>the country.</i>

* Monosyllables make the gen. pl. in *ium* except the following, and a few more which take *um*.

Dux, <i>a leader.</i>	pes, <i>the foot.</i>	flos, <i>a flower.</i>
Grex, <i>a flock.</i>	rex, <i>king.</i>	laus, <i>praise.</i>
Vox, <i>a voice.</i>	mos, <i>custom.</i>	lex, <i>a law.</i>

<i>Singular.</i>	<i>Plural.</i>
N. Animal, <i>an animal.</i>	N. Animāl-ia, <i>animals.</i>
G. Animāl-is, <i>of an animal.</i>	G. Animāl-ium, <i>of animals.</i>
D. Animal-i, <i>to an animal.</i>	D. Animāl-ibus, <i>to animals.</i>
A. Animal, <i>an animal.</i>	A. Animāl-ia, <i>animals.</i>
V. Animal, <i>O animal.</i>	V. Animāl-ia, <i>O animals.</i>
Ab. Animāl-i, <i>by an animal.</i>	Ab. Animāl-ibus, <i>by animals.</i>
Vectigal -ālis,	<i>tax, tribute.</i>

3. INCREASING SHORT.

<i>Singular.</i>	<i>Plural.</i>
N. Miles, <i>a soldier.</i>	N. Milit-es, <i>soldiers.</i>
G. Milit-is, <i>of a soldier.</i>	G. Milit-um, <i>of soldiers.</i>
D. Milit-i, <i>to a soldier.</i>	D. Milit-ibus, <i>to soldiers.</i>
A. Milit-em, <i>a soldier.</i>	A. Milit-es, <i>soldiers.</i>
V. Miles, <i>O soldier.</i>	V. Milit-es, <i>O soldiers.</i>
Ab. Milit-e, <i>by a soldier.</i>	Ab. Milit-ibus, <i>by soldiers.</i>

virg-o, -inis, F.
 muli-er, -ēris, F.
 sangu-is, -inis, M.
 arb-or, -ōris, F.
 cin-is, -ēris, M.
 pēc-us, -ūdis, F.
 hosp-es, -itīs, C.
 princ-eps, -ipīs, M.
 pulv-is, -ēris, M.
 hiem-s, -ēmīs, F.

a virgin.
a woman.
blood.
tree.
ashes.
cattle.
guest.
prince, chief.
dust.
winter.

cusp-is, -idis, F.
 carc-er, -ēris, M.
 jud-ex, -icīs, M.
 rem-ex, -igīs, M.
 il-ex, -icīs, F.

spear.
prison.
a judge.
a rower.
an oak.

conju-x, *-ūgis*, F.
 obs-es, *-īdis*, C.
 p-es, *-ēdis*, M.
 gr-ex, *-ēgis*, M.
 n-ix, *-īvis*, F.
 n-ex, *-ēcis*, F.
 s-us, *-īis*, C.

a spouse.
a hostage.
a foot.
herd, flock.
snow.
death.
sow, a swine.

NEUTERS—INCREASING SHORT.

<i>Singular.</i>			<i>Plural.</i>		
N.	Nomen,	<i>a name.</i>	N.	Nomīn-a,	<i>names.</i>
G.	Nomīn-is,	<i>of a name.</i>	G.	Nomin-um,	<i>of names.</i>
D.	Nomin-i,	<i>to a name.</i>	D.	Nomin-ibus,	<i>to names.</i>
A.	Nomen,	<i>a name.</i>	A.	Nomin-a,	<i>names.</i>
V.	Nomen,	<i>O name.</i>	V.	Nomin-a,	<i>O names.</i>
Ab.	Nomin-e,	<i>by a name.</i>	Ab.	Nomin-ibus,	<i>by names.</i>

<i>Singular.</i>			<i>Plural.</i>		
N.	Opus,	<i>a work.</i>	N.	Opēr-a,	<i>works.</i>
G.	Opēr-is,	<i>of a work.</i>	G.	Oper-um,	<i>of works.</i>
D.	Oper-i,	<i>to a work.</i>	D.	Oper-ibus,	<i>to works.</i>
A.	Opus,	<i>a work.</i>	A.	Oper-a,	<i>works.</i>
V.	Opus,	<i>O work.</i>	V.	Oper-a,	<i>O works.</i>
Ab.	Oper-e,	<i>by a work.</i>	Ab.	Oper-ibus,	<i>by works.</i>

cāp-ut, *-ītis*,
 corp-us, *-ōris*,
 crim-en, *-īnis*,
 frīg-us, *-ōris*,
 it-er, *-inēris*,
 pec-us, *-ōris*,
 æqu-or, *-ōris*,
 rob-ur, *-ōris*,
 vuln-us, *-ēris*,
 pœm-a, *-ātis*,
 carm-en, *-īnis*,

the head.
the body.
a crime, charge.
cold.
journey, road.
sheep.
the sea.
strength.
a wound.
a poem.
a song.

FOURTH DECLENSION.

Distinguished by the ending of the genitive case in *ūs*.

<i>Singular.</i>			<i>Plural.</i>		
N.	Grad-us,	<i>a step.</i>	N.	Grad-ūs,	<i>steps.</i>
G.	Grad-ūs,	<i>of a step.</i>	G.	Grad-ūum,	<i>of steps.</i>
D.	Grad-ūi,	<i>to a step.</i>	D.	Grad-ūbus,	<i>to steps.</i>
A.	Grad-um,	<i>a step.</i>	A.	Grad-ūs,	<i>steps.</i>
V.	Grad-ūs,	<i>O step.</i>	V.	Grad-ūs,	<i>O steps.</i>
Ab.	Grad-u,	<i>by a step.</i>	Ab.	Grad-ūbus,	<i>by steps.</i>

GENDER.—General rule—All nouns of this declension ending in *us* are masc. in * neuter.

grād-us— <i>ūs</i> ,	<i>a step.</i>
curr-us,	<i>a chariot.</i>
fluct-us,	<i>a wave.</i>
cās-us,	<i>misfortune.</i>
mān-us,	<i>hand.</i>
vict-us,	<i>food.</i>
exercit-us,	<i>an army.</i>
mōt-us,	<i>movement.</i>
tonitr-u,	<i>thunder.</i>

The following have dat. and abl. pl. in *-ūbus*.

trib-us,	<i>a tribe.</i>
port-us,	<i>a harbour.</i>
art-us, pl.	<i>a limb.</i>
querc-us,	<i>an oak.</i>
arc-us,	<i>a bow.</i>
gel-u,	<i>frost.</i>
vēr-u,	<i>a spit.</i>
lāc-us,	<i>a lake.</i>

NEUTER GENDER.

<i>Singular.</i>			<i>Plural.</i>		
N.	Gen-u,	<i>a knee.</i>	N.	Gen-ua,	<i>knees.</i>
G.	(<i>wanting.</i>)		G.	Gen-uum,	<i>of knees.</i>
D.	(<i>wanting.</i>)		D.	Gen-ibus, -ūbus,	<i>to knees.</i>
A.	Gen-u,	<i>a knee.</i>	A.	Gen-ua,	<i>knees.</i>
V.	Gen-u,	<i>O knee.</i>	V.	Gen-ua,	<i>O knees.</i>
Ab.	Gen-u,	<i>by a knee.</i>	Ab.	Gen-ibus, -ubus,	<i>by knees.</i>

FIFTH DECLENSION.

Distinguished by the ending of the genitive case in *ei*.

<i>Singular.</i>			<i>Plural.</i>		
N.	R-es,	<i>a thing.</i>	N.	R-es,	<i>things.</i>
G.	R-ei,	<i>of a thing.</i>	G.	R-erum,	<i>of things.</i>
D.	R-ei,	<i>to a thing.</i>	D.	R-ebus,	<i>to things.</i>
A.	R-em,	<i>a thing.</i>	A.	R-es,	<i>things.</i>
V.	R-es,	<i>O thing.</i>	V.	R-es,	<i>O things.</i>
Ab.	R-e,	<i>by a thing.</i>	Ab.	R-ebus,	<i>by things.</i>

GENDER.—General rule—All nouns of this declension are feminine.

fīd-es, -ei,	<i>faith (no pl.)</i>
speci-es,	<i>appearance.</i>
di-es,	<i>a day.</i>
aci-es,	<i>line of battle.</i>
sp-es,	<i>hope.</i>

<i>Singular.</i>			<i>Plural.</i>		
N.	Fāci-es,	<i>a face.</i>	N.	Fāci-es,	<i>faces.</i>
G.	Faci-ēi,	<i>of a face.</i>	G.	Faci-ērum,	<i>of faces.</i>
D.	Faci-ēi,	<i>to a face.</i>	D.	Faci-ēbus,	<i>to faces.</i>
A.	Faci-em,	<i>a face.</i>	A.	Faci-es,	<i>faces.</i>
V.	Faci-es,	<i>O face.</i>	V.	Faci-es,	<i>O faces.</i>
Ab.	Faci-e,	<i>by a face.</i>	Ab.	Faci-ēbus,	<i>by faces.</i>

See Examples for Practice, p. 28.

ADJECTIVES OF THREE TERMINATIONS.

<i>Singular.</i>			<i>Plural.</i>		
M.	F.	N.	M.	F.	N.
N. Bön-us,	bon-a,	bon-um.	N. Bon-i,	bon-æ,	bon-a.
G. Bon-i,	bon-æ,	bon-i.	G. Bon-ōrum,-arum,-orum.		
D. Bon-o,	bon-æ,	bon-o.	D. Bon-is.		
A. Bon-um,	bon-am,	bon-um.	A. Bon-ōs,	bon-as,	bon-a.
V. Bon-e,	bon-a,	bon-um.	V. Bon-i,	bon-æ,	bon-a.
Ab. Bon-o,	bon-â,	bon-o.	Ab. Bon-is.		

dign-us, -a, -um,

sæv-us,

alt-us,

doct-us,

māl-us,

parv-us,

magn-us,

tūt-us,

mīr-us,

āmār-us,

*worthy.**cruel.**high.**learned.**bad, wicked.**small, little.**great.**safe.**wonderful.**bitter.*

angust-us,

surd-us,

cav-us,

jucund-us,

antiqu-us;

*narrow.**deaf.**hollow.**pleasant.**ancient.*

<i>Singular.</i>			<i>Plural.</i>		
N. Miser,	misēr-a,	misēr-um	N. Misēr-i,	misēr-æ,	misēr-a
G. Miser-i,	miser-æ,	miser-i.	G. Miser-ōrum,-arum,		
D. Misero,	miser-æ,	miser-o.	D. Miser-is. [-orum.		
A. Miser-um,	-am,	-um.	A. Miser-os,	miser-as,	miser-a
V. Miser,	miser-a,	miser-um	V. Miser-i,	miser-æ,	miser-a
Ab. Miser-o,	miser-â,	miser-o.	Ab. Miser-is.		

lib-er, -*ĕra*, -*ĕrum*,
 asp-er, -*ĕra*, -*ĕrum*,
 mortif-er, -*era*, -*erum*,

free.
rough.
deadly.

Singular.

N. Niger, nigr-a, nigr-um.
 G. Nigr-i, nigr-æ, nigr-i.
 D. Nigr-o, nigr-æ, nigr-o.
 A. Nigr-um, -am, -um.
 V. Niger, nigr-a, nigr-um.
 Ab. Nigro, nigr-â, nigr-o.

Plural.

N. Nigr-i, nigr-æ, nigr-a.
 G. Nigr-ōrum, -arum, -orum.
 D. Nigr-is.
 A. Nigr-ōs, nigr-as, nigr-a.
 V. Nigr-i, nigr-æ, nigr-a.
 Ab. Nigr-is.

intĕg-er, -*ra*, -*rum*,
 sac-er, -*ra*, -*rum*,
 ſeg-er, -*ra*, -*rum*,

whole.
sacred.
sick, ill.

ADJECTIVES OF TWO TERMINATIONS.

Singular.

	M.	F.	N.
N.	Trist-is,		trist-e.
G.	Trist-is.		
D.	Trist-i.		
A.	Trist-em,		trist-e.
V.	Trist-is,		trist-e.
Ab.	Trist-i.		

Plural.

	M.	F.	N.
N.	Trist-es,		trist-ia.
G.	Trist-ium.		
D.	Trist-ibus.		
A.	Trist-es,		trist-ia.
V.	Trist-es,		trist-ia.
Ab.	Trist-ibus.		

segn-is, -*e*,
 omn-is,
 siml-is,
 lĕv-is,
 utĭl-is,
 brĕv-is,
 fort-is,
 grāv-is,
 juvĕn-is,
 perenn-is,

slow.
every.
like.
light.
useful.
short.
brave.
heavy.
young.
everlasting.

(Comparatives.)

<i>Singular.</i>				<i>Plural.</i>			
	M.	F.	N.		M.	F.	N.
N.	Melior,		melius.	N.	Meliōr-es,		meliōr-a.
G.	Meliōr-is.			G.	Melior-um.		
D.	Meliōr-i.			D.	Melior-ibus.		
A.	Melior-em,		melius.	A.	Melior-es,		melior-a.
V.	Melior,		melius.	V.	Melior-es,		melior-a.
Ab.	Melior-e	or i.		Ab.	Melior-ibus.		

superb-ior, *-ius*,
deter-ior,
brēv-ior,
juni-or,
fācili-or,
maj-or, *-us*,
pej-or,

prouder,
worse.
shorter.
younger.
easier.
greater.
worse.

<i>Singular.</i>			<i>Plural.</i>		
N.	Acer,	acr-is, acr-e.	N.	Acr-es,	acr-ia.
G.	Acr-is.		G.	Acr-ium.	
D.	Acr-i.		D.	Acr-ibus.	
A.	Acr-em,	acr-e.	A.	Acr-es,	acr-ia.
V.	Acer, acr-is, acr-e.		V.	Acr-es,	acr-ia.
Ab.	Acr-i.		Ab.	Acr-ibus.	

volūc-er, *-ris, -re*,
celēb-er, " "
equest-er, " "

swift.
famous.
equestrian.

<i>Singular.</i>		<i>Plural.</i>	
N.	Celer, celer-is, celer-e.	N.	Celer-es, celer-ia.
G.	Celer-is.	G.	Celer-um.
D.	Celer-i.	D.	Celer-ibus.
A.	Celer-em, celer-e.	A.	Celer-es, celer-ia.
V.	Celer, celer-is, celer-e.	V.	Celer-es, celer-ia,
Ab.	Celer-i.	Ab.	Celer-ibus.

Respublica, a republic, state, is made up of the substantive *res*, and adjective *publica*, in agreement with it, and is thus declined:—

- N. *Respublico-a.*
- G. *Reipublic-æ.*
- D. *Reipublic-æ.*
- A. *Rempubli-cam.*
- V. *Respublic-a.*
- Ab. *Reipublic-â.*

Jusjurandum, an oath.

- N. *Jusjurand-um.*
- G. *Jurisjurand-i.*
- D. *Jurijurand-o.*
- A. *Jusjurand-um.*
- V. *Jusjurand-um.*
- Ab. *Jurejurand-o.*

Aër, gen. *aëris*, makes the acc. *aëra*.

Æther, gen. *ætheris*, „ „ *æthëra*.

Jupiter, makes gen. *Jovis*, dat. *Jovi*, acc. *Jovem*, ab. *Jove*.

Irregulars.

Two forms in the plural.

<i>loc-us</i> , pl. -i, -a,	<i>a place.</i>
<i>joc-us</i> , „	<i>a jest.</i>
<i>fren-um</i> , „	<i>a bit.</i>
<i>cæl-um</i> , pl. -i,	<i>heaven.</i>
<i>sesterti-us</i> ,	<i>2½ asses.</i>
<i>tartar-us</i> , pl. -a,	<i>hell.</i>

Indeclinables.

<i>fas</i> ,	<i>right, lawful.</i>
<i>nefas</i> ,	<i>wrong.</i>
<i>nihil</i> ,	<i>nothing.</i>
<i>instar</i> ,	<i>likeness.</i>

opus,	<i>need.</i>
mane,	<i>morning.</i>
cæpe,	<i>an onion.</i>

Only used in the plural.

First Declension.

clitellæ,	<i>panniers.</i>
divitiæ,	<i>riches.</i>
æpulæ,	<i>a feast.</i>
habensæ,	<i>reins.</i>
insidiæ,	<i>an ambuscade.</i>
nonæ,	<i>nones of the month, 5th or 7th.</i>
reliquiæ,	<i>remains, relics.</i>
tenebræ,	<i>darkness.</i>

Second Declension.

cani,	<i>white hairs.</i>
castra,	<i>a camp.</i>
exta,	<i>entrails.</i>
fasti,	<i>annals.</i>
infëri,	<i>the gods below.</i>
libëri,	<i>children.</i>
postëri,	<i>descendants.</i>
supëri,	<i>the gods above.</i>
munia,	<i>duties.</i>

Third Declension.

manes,	<i>the spirits of the dead.</i>
penâtes,	<i>the household gods.</i>
brevia,	<i>shoals.</i>
fides,	<i>a lute.</i>
fores,	<i>a door.</i>
majōres,	<i>ancestors.</i>
mœnïa,	<i>walls.</i>
minōres,	<i>posterity.</i>
verbëra,	<i>stripes.</i>

Fourth Declension.

artus,

limbs.

idus,

{ *the ides of the month,*
 { *13th or 15th.*

IRREGULAR ADJECTIVES.

<i>Singular.</i>		<i>Plural.</i>	
N.	Null-us, null-a, null-um.	N.	Nulli, null-æ, null-a.
G.	Null-iūs.	G.	Null-ōrum, -ārum, -ōrum.
D.	Null-i [um.	D.	Null-is.
A.	Null-um, null-am, null-	A.	Null-ōs, null-as, null-a.
Ab.	Null-o, null-ā, null-o.	Ab.	Null-is.
unus, <i>one.</i>		sōlus, <i>alone.</i>	
ullus, <i>any.</i>		tōtus, <i>whole.</i>	

Utr, * *which of two.*

	M.	F.	N.
N.	Utr-ēr,	utr-ā,	utr-um.
G.		Utr-iūs.	
D.		Utr-i.	
A.	Utr-um,	utr-am,	utr-um.
Ab.	Utr-ō,	utr-ā,	utr-ō.

neuter, *neither.*
 uterque, *each.*

utervis } *which*
 uterlibet } *you will.*

<i>Aliūs, † another.</i>		<i>Altēr, ‡ one of two.</i>	
N.	Ali-ūs, āli-ā, āli-ūd.	N.	Altēr, āltēr-ā, āltēr-um.
G.	Al-iūs.	G.	Altēr-iūs.
D.	Ali-i.	D.	Altēr-i. [rum.
A.	Ali-um, āli-am, āli-ūd.	A.	Altēr-um, āltēr-am, āltēr-
Ab.	Ali-ō, āli-ā, āli-ō.	Ab.	Altēr-ō, āltēr-ā, āltēr-ō.

* In the plural like niger.

† ————— bonus.

‡ ————— miser.

<i>Singular.</i>			<i>Plural.</i>	
N.	Plus.	} Neuter in the singular.	N.	Plures, plura.
G.	Pluris.		G.	Plurium.
D.			D.	Pluribus.
A.	Plus.		A.	Plures, plura.
Ab.	Plure.		Ab.	Pluribus.

COMPARISON OF ADJECTIVES.

The *comparative* is formed by changing *i* or *is* of the gen. masc. of the positive into *ior*, as from—

durus, <i>hard</i>	gen. duri,	comp. <i>durior</i> .
suavis, <i>sweet</i>	„ suavis,	„ suāvior.

The *superlative* is formed by changing *i* or *is* of the gen. into *-issimus*, as from—

durus, gen. duri, super. *dur-issimus*.

Except adjectives in *er* which make the superlative in *rimus* as pulcher, pulcherrimus.*

Examples for Comparison.

clār-us,	<i>clear, illustrious.</i>
moll-is,	<i>soft.</i>
asper,	<i>rough.</i>
lāt-us,	<i>wide.</i>
grāv-is,	<i>heavy.</i>
feli-x,	<i>happy.</i>
fort-is,	<i>strong, brave.</i>

* Some adjectives in *ilis* form the comparative regularly, but make the superlative in *-illimus*—viz.,

facilis	similis	gracilis
difficilis	dissimilis	humilis

long-us,	<i>long.</i>
clemen-s,	<i>mild.</i>
læv-is	<i>light.</i>
auda-x,	<i>bold.</i>
fácil-is,	<i>easy.</i>
simíl-is,	<i>like.</i>
candídus,	<i>white.</i>

Irregular Comparison.

Bōnus, <i>good</i>	mēlior	optīmus
Mālus, <i>bad</i>	pējor	pessīmus
Magnus, <i>great</i>	mājor	maxīmus
Multus, <i>much</i>	plus	plurīmus
Parvus, <i>small</i>	mīnor	minīmus
Nēquam, <i>wicked</i>	nequior	nequissīmus
Dīves, <i>rich</i>	dītior or dīvītiar	ditissīmus
Juvēnis, <i>young</i>	jūnior	(natu minīmus)
Sēnex, <i>old</i>	sēnior	(natu maxīmus)
Vetus, <i>ancient</i>	vetērior	veterrīmus

The following have a double irregular superlative.

Exter or extērus, -a, -um	exterior	extrēmus et [extīmus]
Infer or infērus, -a, -um	inferior	infīmus et [īmus]
Super or supērus, -a, -um	superior	supremus et [summus]
Poster or Postērus, -a, -um	posterior	postremus et [postumus]

The following are formed from prepositions:—

(Citra) <i>this side of</i>	citērior	citīmus
(Intra) <i>within</i>	intērior	intīmus
(Ultra) <i>beyond</i>	ultērior	ultīmus
(Præ) <i>before</i>	prior	primus
(Præpe) <i>near</i>	propior	proximus

Indeclinable.

The following have no positive:—

_____	dētērior, <i>worse</i> ,	dettērrimus.
_____	oclor, <i>swifter</i> ,	ocissimus.
_____	pōtior, <i>more desirable</i> ,	potissimus.

NUMERALS.

Cardinals.

1.	I.	<i>unus.</i>
2.	II.	<i>duo.</i>
3.	III.	<i>tres.</i>
4.	IV.	<i>quatuor.</i>
5.	V.	<i>quinque.</i>
6.	VI.	<i>sex.</i>
7.	VII.	<i>septem.</i>
8.	VIII.	<i>octo.</i>
9.	IX.	<i>novem.</i>
10.	X.	<i>decem.</i>
11.	XI.	<i>undecim.</i>
12.	XII.	<i>duodecim.</i>
13.	XIII.	<i>tredecim.</i>
14.	XIV.	<i>quatuordecim.</i>
15.	XV.	<i>quindecim.</i>
16.	XVI.	<i>sedecim.</i>
17.	XVII.	<i>septendecim.</i>
18.	XVIII.	<i>duodeviginti.</i>
19.	XIX.	<i>undeviginti.</i>
20.	XX.	<i>viginti.</i>
30.	XXX.	<i>triginta.</i>
40.	XL.	<i>quadraginta.</i>
50.	L.	<i>quinguaaginta.</i>
60.	LX.	<i>sexaginta.</i>
70.	LXX.	<i>septuaginta.</i>
80.	LXXX.	<i>octoginta.</i>
90.	XC.	<i>nonaginta.</i>

100.	C.	<i>centum.</i>
200.	CC.	<i>ducenti, -æ, -a.</i>
300.	CCC.	<i>trecenti.</i>
400.	CCCC.	<i>quadringenti.</i>
500.	D or I ₀ .	<i>quingenti.</i>
600.	DC or I ₀ C.	<i>sexcenti.</i>
700.	DCC or I ₀ CC.	<i>septingenti.</i>
800.	DCCC or I ₀ CCC.	<i>octingenti.</i>
900.	DCCCC.	<i>nongenti.</i>
1000.	M or CI ₀ .	<i>mille or mīle.</i>

N.B.—The cardinals from quatuor (4) to centum (100) are undeclined. The ordinals are declined like Bonus.

Ordinals.

1st,	<i>primus.</i>
2nd,	<i>secundus.</i>
3rd,	<i>tertius.</i>
4th,	<i>quartus.</i>
5th,	<i>quintus.</i>
6th,	<i>sextus.</i>
7th,	<i>septimus.</i>
8th,	<i>octavus.</i>
9th,	<i>nonus.</i>
10th,	<i>decimus.</i>
11th,	<i>undecimus.</i>
12th,	<i>duodecimus.</i>
13th, 14th, &c.,	<i>tertius, quartus decimus, &c.</i>
20th,	<i>vicesimus, or vigesimus.</i>
30th,	<i>tricesimus or trigesimus.</i>
40th,	<i>quadragesimus.</i>
50th,	<i>quingagesimus.</i>
60th,	<i>sexagesimus.</i>
70th,	<i>septuagesimus.</i>
80th,	<i>octogesimus.</i>
90th,	<i>nonagesimus.</i>
100th,	<i>centesimus.</i>
200th,	<i>ducentesimus.</i>
300th, 400th, &c.,	<i>trecentesimus, quadringentesimus, &c.</i>
1000th,	<i>millesimus or mīlesimus.</i>

Duo, two, and *ambo*, both, are thus declined—

Plural.

	M.	F.	N.
N.	Dŭð,	dŭæ,	dŭð.
G.	Dŭðorum,	dŭārum,	dŭðorum.
D.	Dŭðobŭs,	dŭābŭs,	dŭðobŭs.
A.	Dŭðs,	dŭās,	dŭð.
A.	Dŭðobŭs,	dŭābŭs,	dŭðobŭs.

Tres, three.

Plural.

	M. F.	N.
N.	Trēs,	triā.
G.	Trium.	
D.	Tribŭs.	
A.	Trēs,	triā.
Ab.	Tribŭs.	

Plural.

	N.
N.	Milliā.
G.	Millium.
D.	Millibŭs.
A.	Milliā.
Ab.	Millibŭs.

Mille as an adjective is undeclined.

PRONOUNS.

PERSONAL.

<i>Singular.</i>		<i>Plural.</i>	
N. Ego,	<i>I.</i>	N. Nōs,	<i>we.</i>
G. Mei or meī,	<i>of me.</i>	G. Nostrūm vel nostrī,	<i>of us.</i>
D. Mīhi,	<i>to me.</i>	D. Nobis,	<i>to us.</i>
A. Me,	<i>me.</i>	A. Nos,	<i>us.</i>
Ab. Me,	<i>by me.</i>	Ab. Nobis,	<i>by us.</i>

<i>Singular.</i>		<i>Plural.</i>	
N. Tu,	<i>thou.</i>	N. Vōs,	<i>you or ye.</i>
G. Tui,	<i>of thee.</i>	G. Vestrūm vel vestrī,	<i>of you.</i>
D. Tibi,	<i>to thee.</i>	D. Vobis,	<i>to you.</i>
A. Te,	<i>thee.</i>	A. Vos,	<i>you.</i>
V. Tu,	<i>thou.</i>	V. Vos,	<i>you.</i>
Ab. Te,	<i>by thee.</i>	Ab. Vobis,	<i>by you.</i>

Singular and Plural.

G. Sui,	<i>of himself, herself, itself, themselves.</i>
D. Sibi,	<i>to himself, herself, itself, themselves.</i>
A. Se, sese,	<i>himself, herself, itself, themselves.</i>
Ab. Se,	<i>by himself, herself, itself, themselves.</i>

RELATIVE.

<i>Singular.</i>			<i>Plural.</i>		
N. Quī,	quæ,	quod.	N. Quī,	quæ,	quæ.
G. Cujus.			G. Quōrum, quārum, quōrum.		
D. Cūī.			D. Quībus vel quēīs.		
A. Quem, quam,	quod.		A. Quōs, quas,	quæ.	
Ab. Quō, quā, quō, vel quī.			Ab. Quībus vel quēīs.		

Quis—neut. quid.

DEMONSTRATIVE.

Hic, *this, he.*

<i>Singular.</i>			<i>Plural.</i>		
N.	Hic,	hæc,	hoc.	N.	Hi, hæ, hæc.
G.		Hujus.		G.	Hōrum, hārum, hōrum.
D.		Huic.		D.	His.
A.	Hunc,	hanc,	hoc.	A.	Hos, has, hæc.
Ab.	Hoc,	hæc,	hoc.	Ab.	His.

Ille, *that.*

<i>Singular.</i>			<i>Plural.</i>		
N.	Ille,	ill-a,	ill-ud.	N.	Il-li, ill-æ, ill-a.
G.		Ill-ius.		G.	Il-lōrum, ill-ārum, ill-
D.		Ill-i.		D.	Ill-is. [ōrum.
A.	Ill-um,	ill-am,	ill-ud.	A.	Il-lōs, ill-as, ill-a.
Ab.	Il-lo,	ill-ā,	ill-o.	Ab.	Il-lis.

iste, *that.*ipse, *he, himself*—neut. *ipsum.*Is, *that, he.*

<i>Singular.</i>			<i>Plural.</i>		
N.	Is,	ea,	id.	N.	Ii, eæ, ea.
G.		Ejus.		G.	Eōrum, eārum, eōrum.
D.		Ei.		D.	Eis vel iis.
A.	Eum,	eam,	id.	A.	Eos, eas, ea.
Ab.	Eo,	eā,	eo.	Ab.	Eis vel iis.

Idem, *the same.*

<i>Singular.</i>			<i>Plural.</i>		
N.	Idem,	ēādem,	idem.	N.	Idem, ēādem, ēādem.
G.		Ejūdem.		G.	Eōrūdem, ēārūdem, [ēōrūdem.
D.		Eīdem.		D.	Iīdem or ēīdem.
A.	Eūdem,	ēādem,	idem.	A.	Eōdem, ēādem, ēādem.
Ab.	Eōdem,	ēādem,	ēōdem.	Ab.	Iīdem or ēīdem.

POSSESSIVE.

1. *Meus, tuus, suus*, declined like *bonus*.
2. *Noster, vester*, like *niger*.

NOTE.—*Meus* makes vocative *mi*.

The following are declined like *qui* :—

Quis,* quæ, quid,	any one.
Quidam, quædam, quoddam, or quiddam,	a certain one.
Quivis, quævis, quodvis, or quidvis,	{ any one.
Quilibet, quælibet, quodlibet, or quidlibet,	{ any one.
Quicunque, quæcunque, quodcunque,	who or whatsoever.
Quisnam, quænam, quidnam, }	who or what.
Quinam, quænam, quodnam, }	
Quisque, quæque, quodque, or quidque,	each, every.
Quisquam, quæquam, quidquam,	any one.
Quisplam, quæplam, quidplam,	any one.
Aliquis, aliqua, aliquid, }	some one, any one.
Aliqui, aliquæ, aliquod, }	
Ecquis, ecqua, ecquid,	any one.
Unusquisque, unæqueque, unumquodque, or unumquidque,	[each one.
G. Uniuscujusque.	

VOCABULARY OF NOUNS OF THE FIVE DECLENSIONS.

Examples for practice.

pœn-a, -æ,	punishment.
puell-a, -æ,	a girl.
popul-us, -i,	a people.
rām-us, -i,	a branch.
spōli-um, -i,	spoils.
ux-or, -ōris,	a wife.
lap-is, -idis,	a stone.

* *Quis*, after *si, nisi, num, ne, &c.*, makes in the nom. sing. and nom. and acc. plur. *quæ* and *quæ*. (The latter is the more usual form.)

rān-a, -æ,
pāt-er, -ris,
castr-um, -i,

a frog.
a father.
a fort.

curs-us, -ūs,
speci-es, -ei,
fun-us, -ēris,
māt-er -ris,
vin-um, -i,
fam-a, -æ,
vulg-us, -i,
mot-us, -ūs,
com-es, -itis,
scut-um, -i,

a course, running.
appearance.
a funeral, death.
a mother.
wine.
fame, report.
the mob.
motion.
a companion.
a shield.

caten-a, -æ,
marit-us, -i,
lac-us, -ūs,
pēc-us, -ūdis,
epul-um, -i,
sagitt-a, -æ,
hiem-s, -is,
libell-us, -i,
flet-us, -ūs,
pud-or, -ōris,

a chain.
a husband.
a lake.
cattle.
a feast.
an arrow.
winter.
a small book.
weeping.
modesty.

prandi-um, -i,
senect-us, -utis,
aquil-a, -æ,
pin-us, -i, -ūs
trib-us, -ūs,
aci-es, -ei,
sem-en, -inis,
studi-um, -i,
culp-a, -æ,
pont-us, -i,

a meal.
old age.
an eagle.
pine.
a tribe.
a line of battle.
seed.
desire.
a fault.
the sea.

artus, pl.	<i>limbs.</i>
gen-us, - <i>ēris</i> .	<i>a race.</i>
brachi-um, - <i>i</i> ,	<i>an arm.</i>
grati-a, - <i>æ</i> ,	<i>favour.</i>
quest-us, - <i>ūs</i> ,	<i>complaint.</i>
stirp-s, - <i>is</i> ,	<i>race, family.</i>
æv-um, - <i>i</i> ,	<i>an age.</i>
arc-us, - <i>ūs</i> ,	<i>a bow.</i>
pond-us, - <i>ēris</i> ,	<i>a weight.</i>
l-is, - <i>itis</i> .	<i>strife.</i>

ir-a, - <i>æ</i> ,	<i>anger, wrath.</i>
v-er, - <i>ēris</i> ,	<i>spring.</i>
sens-us, - <i>ūs</i> ,	<i>sense, feeling.</i>
sal-us, - <i>ūtis</i> ,	<i>health.</i>
lacrym-a, - <i>æ</i> .	<i>tear.</i>
cru-s, - <i>ris</i> .	<i>the leg.</i>
seg-es, - <i>itis</i> ,	<i>a crop.</i>
juvent-us, - <i>ūtis</i> ,	<i>youth.</i>
turb-a, - <i>æ</i> ,	<i>a crowd.</i>
thu-s, - <i>ris</i> .	<i>incense.</i>

pass-us, - <i>ūs</i> ,	<i>a pace, step.</i>
vict-or, - <i>ōris</i> ,	<i>a conqueror.</i>
vat-es, - <i>is</i> ,	<i>a poet.</i>
und-a, - <i>æ</i> ,	<i>a wave.</i>
angu-is, - <i>is</i> ,	<i>a snake.</i>
regi-o, - <i>ōnis</i> ,	<i>a district.</i>
præd-a, - <i>æ</i> ,	<i>booty.</i>
flo-s, - <i>ris</i> ,	<i>a flower.</i>
litt-us, - <i>ōris</i> ,	<i>the shore.</i>
rip-a, - <i>æ</i> ,	<i>the bank.</i>

mor-a,	<i>delay.</i>
prol-es,	<i>offspring.</i>
cohor-s,	<i>a cohort.</i>
mon-s,	<i>a mountain.</i>
sacerdo-s.	<i>a priest.</i>

agn-us,	<i>a lamb.</i>
rob-ur,	<i>strength.</i>
anim-us,	<i>the mind.</i>
den-s,	<i>a tooth.</i>
cib-us,	<i>food.</i>

corv-us,	<i>a raven.</i>
ov-is,	<i>a sheep.</i>
mil-es,	<i>a soldier.</i>
gladi-us,	<i>a sword.</i>
regīn-a,	<i>a queen.</i>
corn-ū,	<i>a horn.</i>
æst-us,	<i>the tide.</i>
pon-s,	<i>a bridge.</i>
orb-is,	<i>a circle.</i>
humēr-us,	<i>the shoulder.</i>

dol-us,	<i>deceit.</i>
æquor,	<i>the sea.</i>
ro-s,	<i>dew.</i>
sumpt-us (4),	<i>expense.</i>
opĕr-a,	<i>labour.</i>
mens-is,	<i>a month.</i>
lumen,	<i>light.</i>
port-us (4),	<i>a harbour.</i>
du-x,	<i>a leader.</i>
scel-us,	<i>wickedness.</i>

can-is,	<i>a dog.</i>
fenestr-a,	<i>a window.</i>
hast-a,	<i>a spear.</i>
palu-s,	<i>a marsh.</i>
numm-us,	<i>money.</i>
lu-x,	<i>light.</i>
pastor,	<i>a shepherd.</i>
riv-us,	<i>a river.</i>
præd-a,	<i>prey, booty.</i>
volucr-is,	<i>a bird.</i>

latro,	<i>a robber.</i>
tub-a,	<i>a trumpet.</i>
morb-us,	<i>a disease.</i>
juven-is,	<i>a youth.</i>
ar-x,	<i>a citadel.</i>
nunci-us,	<i>a messenger.</i>
lau-s,	<i>praise.</i>
uv-a,	<i>a grape.</i>
sor-s,	<i>chance.</i>
gru-s,	<i>a crane.</i>

car-o, gen. <i>carnis</i> ,	<i>flesh.</i>
met-us (4),	<i>fear.</i>
gelu,	<i>frost.</i>
pauperi-es,	<i>poverty.</i>
somn-us,	<i>sleep.</i>
scurr-a,	<i>a buffoon.</i>
ram-us,	<i>a bough.</i>
not-a,	<i>a mark.</i>
ret-e,	<i>a net.</i>
sen-ex,	<i>an old person.</i>
ars,	<i>art.</i>

MASCULINE.

<i>Singular.</i>	<i>Plural.</i>
<i>(A good boy.)</i>	<i>(Good boys.)</i>
N. Bōnus puer.	N. Bōni puēri.
G. Boni puēri.	G. Bonorum puērōrum.
D. Bono puero.	D. Bonis puēris.
A. Bonum puerum.	A. Bonos puēros.
V. Bone puer.	V. Boni puēri.
Ab. Bono puero.	Ab. Bonis puēris.

*Singular.**(A green field.)*

- N. Campus viridis.
 G. Campi viridis.
 D. Campo viridi.
 A. Campum viridem.
 V. Campe viridis.
 Ab. Campo viridi.

(A bold man.)

- N. Audax vir.
 G. Audācis viri.
 D. Audaci viro.
 A. Audacem virum.
 V. Audax vir.
 Ab. Audaci viro.

*Plural.**(Green fields.)*

- N. Campi virides.
 G. Camporum viridium.
 D. Campis viridibus.
 A. Campos virides.
 V. Campi virides.
 Ab. Campis viridibus.

(Bold men.)

- N. Audaces viri.
 G. Audacium virorum.
 D. Audacibus viris.
 A. Audaces viros.
 V. Audaces viri.
 Ab. Audacibus viris.

FEMININE.

(A good mother.)

- N. Bōna mater.
 G. Bonæ matris.
 D. Bonæ matri.
 A. Bonam matrem.
 V. Bona mater.
 Ab. Bonâ matre.

(A green herb.)

- N. Herba viridis.
 G. Herbæ viridis.
 D. Herbæ viridi.
 A. Herbam viridem.
 V. Herba viridis.
 Ab. Herbā viridi.

(A bold woman.)

- N. Audax femina.
 G. Audacis feminæ.
 D. Audaci feminæ.
 A. Audacem feminam.
 V. Audax femina.
 Ab. Audaci feminâ.

(Good mothers.)

- N. Bōnæ matres.
 G. Bonarum matrum.
 D. Bonis matrībus.
 A. Bonas matres.
 V. Bonæ matres.
 Ab. Bonis matrībus.

(Green herbs.)

- N. Herbæ virides.
 G. Herbarum viridium.
 D. Herbis viridibus.
 A. Herbas virides.
 V. Herbæ virides.
 Ab. Herbis viridibus.

(Bold women.)

- N. Audaces feminæ.
 G. Audacium feminarum.
 D. Audacibus feminis.
 A. Audaces feminas.
 V. Audaces feminæ.
 Ab. Audacibus feminia.

NEUTER.

*Singular.**(A good work.)*

- N. Bōnum opus.
 G. Boni opēris.
 D. Bono opēri.
 A. Bonum opus.
 V. Bonum opus.
 Ab. Bono opēre.

(Green grass.)

- N. Gramen viride.
 G. Graminis viridis.
 D. Gramini viridi.
 A. Gramen viride.
 V. Gramen viride.
 Ab. Gramine viridi.

(A bold animal.)

- N. Audax animal.
 G. Audacis animālis.
 D. Audaci animali.
 A. Audax animal.
 V. Audax animal.
 Ab. Audaci animali.

*Plural.**(Good works.)*

- N. Bōna opēra.
 G. Bonōrum opērum.
 D. Bonis operībus.
 A. Bona opēra.
 V. Bona opera.
 Ab. Bonis operībus.

(Green grass.)

- N. Gramina viridia.
 G. Graminum viridium.
 D. Graminibus viridibus.
 A. Gramina viridia.
 V. Gramina viridia.
 Ab. Graminibus viridibus.

(Bold animals.)

- N. Audacia animalia.
 G. Audacium animalium.
 D. Audacibus animalibus.
 A. Audacia animalia.
 V. Audacia animalia.
 Ab. Audacibus animalibus.

EXAMPLES FOR PRACTICE.

lex bona,
 pudica puella,
 densus imber,
 tutus portus,
 odium crudele,
 patula fagus,
 celsa arbor,
 fidus comes,
 dives homo,
 rapidus amnis,

a good law.
a modest girl.
a heavy shower.
a safe harbour.
a cruel hatred.
a spreading beech.
a lofty tree.
a faithful companion.
a rich man.
a rapid river.

V E R B S.

Sum, *I am.*

Principal Parts. Sum, fui, esse.

INDICATIVE MOOD.

Present Tense.

S. Sum, <i>I am.</i>	P. Sumus, <i>we are.</i>
Es, <i>thou art.</i>	Estis, <i>you are.</i>
Est, <i>he is.</i>	Sunt, <i>they are.</i>

Preterimperfect.

S. Er-am, <i>I was.</i>	P. Er-āmus, <i>we were.</i>
Er-as, <i>thou wast.</i>	Er-ātis, <i>you were.</i>
Er-at, <i>he was.</i>	Er-ant, <i>they were.</i>

Future imperfect.

S. Er-o, <i>I shall be.</i>	P. Er-īmus, <i>we shall be.</i>
Er-is, <i>thou wilt be.</i>	Er-itis, <i>you will be.</i>
Er-it, <i>he will be.</i>	Er-unt, <i>they will be.</i>

Preterperfect.

S. Fu-i, <i>I was or have been.</i>
Fu-isti, <i>thou hast been.</i>
Fu-it, <i>he has been.</i>
P. Fu-imus, <i>we have been.</i>
Fu-istis, <i>you have been.</i>
Fu-erunt vel fuēre, <i>they have been.</i>

Preterpluperfect.

S. Fu-eram, <i>I had been.</i>
Fu-eras, <i>thou hadst been.</i>
Fu-erat, <i>he had been.</i>
P. Fu-erāmus, <i>we had been.</i>
Fu-erātis, <i>you had been.</i>
Fu-erant, <i>they had been.</i>

Future perfect.

- S. Fu-ěro, *I shall have been.*
 Fu-eris, *thou wilt have been.*
 Fu-erit, *he will have been.*
 P. Fu-erimus, *we shall have been.*
 Fu-eritis, *you will have been.*
 Fu-erint, *they will have been.*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Present Tense.

- S. Es, esto, *be thou.*
 Esto, *be he, or let him be.*
 P. Este, estote, *be you.*
 Sunt, *be they, or let them be.*

POTENTIAL MOOD.

Present Tense.*

- S. Sim, *I be or may be.*
 Sis, *thou be or mayst be.*
 Sit, *he be or may be.*
 P. Simus, *we be or may be.*
 Sitis, *you be or may be.*
 Sint, *they be or may be.*

Preterimperfect.

- S. Ess-em vel for-em, *I were or could or might be.*
 Ess-es vel for-es, *thou wert or mightst be.*
 Ess-et vel for-et, *he were or might be.*
 P. Ess-ěmus vel for-ěmus, *we were or might be.*
 Ess-ětis vel for-ětis, *you were or might be.*
 Ess-ent vel for-ent, *they were or might be.*

* The present tense of the Potential is sometimes used in an Imperative sense.

Preterperfect.

- S. Fu-ërim, *I may have been.*
 Fu-eris, *thou mayst have been.*
 Fu-erit, *he may have been.*
- P. Fu-erimus, *we may have been.*
 Fu-eritis, *you may have been.*
 Fu-erint, *they may have been.*

Preterpluperfect.

- S. Fu-issem, *I would or should or might have*
 Fu-isses, *thou wouldst have been.* [been.
 Fu-isset, *he would have been.*
- P. Fu-issēmus, *we would have been.*
 Fu-issētis, *you would have been.*
 Fu-issent, *they would have been.*

INFINITIVE MOOD.

Present and Preterimperfect Tense.

Esse, *to be.*

Future imperfect.

Fore *vel* fut-ūrum esse, *shall be.*

Preterperfect and Pluperfect.

Fuisse, *to have been.*

Future perfect.

Fut-ūrum fuisse, *shall have been.*

PARTICIPLE.

Future.

Fut-ūrus, a, um, *to be.*

CONJUGATION OF VERBS.

There are four Conjugations of Verbs, distinguished by the vowel before *re* in the Infinitive Mood.

The first Conjugation makes *āre* long, as *amāre*.

The second Conjugation makes *ēre* long, as *monēre*.

The third Conjugation makes *ere* short, as *regere*.

The fourth Conjugation makes *īre* long, as *audire*.

ACTIVE VOICE.

First Conjugation.

Principal Parts.

Am-o, am-āvi, am-ātum, am-āre, *to love*.

INDICATIVE MOOD.

Present Tense, *do, am, or the verb itself*.

S. Am-o, *I love, am loving, or do love.*

Amas, *thou lovest.*

Am-at, *he loves.*

P. Am-āmus, *we love.*

Am-ātis, *you love.*

Am-ant, *they love.*

Preterimperfect, *was*.

S. Am-ābam, *I was loving.*

Am-ābas, *thou wast loving.*

Am-ābat, *he was loving.*

P. Am-ābāmus, *we were loving.*

Am-ābātis, *you were loving.*

Am-ābant, *they were loving.*

Future imperfect, *shall, will.*

- S. Am-ābo, *I shall love.*
 Am-ābis, *thou wilt love.*
 Am-ābit, *he will love.*
 P. Am-ābimus, *we shall love.*
 Am-ābītis, *you will love.*
 Am-ābunt, *they will love.*

Preterperfect, *have, did, &c.*

- S. Am-āvi, *I loved or have loved or did*
 Am-āvisti, *thou lovedst.* [love.
 Am-āvit, *he loved.*
 P. Am-āvimus, *we loved.*
 Am-āvistis, *you loved.*
 Am-āvērunt vel Amāvēre, *they loved.*

Preterpluperfect, *had.*

- S. Am-āveram, *I had loved.*
 Am-āveras, *thou hadst loved.*
 Am-āverat, *he had loved.*
 P. Am-āverāmus, *we had loved.*
 Am-āverātis, *you had loved.*
 Am-āverant, *they had loved.*

Future perfect, *shall, will, have.*

- S. Am-āvēro, *I shall have loved.*
 Am-āveris, *thou wilt have loved.*
 Am-āverit, *he will have loved.*
 P. Am-āverīmus, *we shall have loved.*
 Am-āverītis, *you will have loved.*
 Am-āverint, *they will have loved.*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Present Tense.

- S. Am-ā, am-āto, *love thou, or love, or do love.*
 Am-āto, *love he, or let him love.*
 P. Am-āte, am-ātote, *love ye, or love.*
 Am-anto, *love they, or let them love.*

SUBJUNCTIVE OR POTENTIAL MOOD.

Present Tense, *may, can, should, let*, and the verb itself.

- S. Am-em, *I love, may love, &c.*
 Am-es, *thou love.*
 Am-et, *he love.*
 P. Am-ēmus, *we love.*
 Am-ētis, *you love.*
 Am-ent, *they love.*

Preterimperfect, *would, could, might.*

- S. Am-ārem, *I would love.*
 Am-āres, *thou wouldst love.*
 Am-āret, *he would love.*
 P. Am-ārēmus, *we would love.*
 Am-ārētis, *you would love.*
 Am-ārent, *they would love.*

Preterperfect, *may have.*

- S. Am-āverim, *I may have loved.*
 Am-āveris, *thou mayst have loved.*
 Am-āverit, *he may have loved.*
 P. Am-āverimus, *we may have loved.*
 Am-āveritis, *you may have loved.*
 Am-āverint, *they may have loved.*

Preterpluperfect, *would, should, might, have.*

- S. Am-āvissem, *I would have loved.*
 Am-āvisses, *thou wouldst have loved.*
 Am-āvisset, *he would have loved.*
 P. Am-āvissēmus, *we would have loved.*
 Am-āvissētis, *you would have loved.*
 Am-āvissent, *they would have loved.*

INFINITIVE MOOD.

Present and Preterimperfect Tense.

Am-āre, *to love.*

Future imperfect.

Am-ātūrum esse, *shall or will love.*

Preterperfect and Preterpluperfect.

Am-āv-isse, *to have loved.*

Future perfect.

Am-ātūrum fuisse, *shall have loved.*

GERUNDS.

Am-andi, *of loving.*

Am-ando, *in loving.*

Am-andum, *to love.*

SUPINE.

Am-ātum, *to love.*

PARTICIPLES.

Present.

Am-ans, antis, *loving.*

Future.

Am-ātūrus, a, um, *to love, or about to love, or going to love.*

Second Conjugation.

Principal Parts.

Mon-eo, mon-ui, mon-ītum, mon-ēre, *to advise.*

INDICATIVE MOOD.

Present Tense, *do, am, or the verb itself.*

- S. Mon-eo, *I advise, am advising, or do advise.*
 Mon-es, *thou advisest.*
 Mon-et, *he advises.*
 P. Mon-ēmus, *we advise.*
 Mon-ētis, *you advise.*
 Mon-ent, *they advise.*

Preterimperfect, *was.*

- S. Mon-ēbam, *I was advising.*
 Mon-ēbas, *thou wast advising.*
 Mon-ēbat, *he was advising.*
 P. Mon-ēbāmus, *we were advising.*
 Mon-ēbātis, *you were advising.*
 Mon-ēbant, *they were advising.*

Future imperfect, *shall, will.*

- S. Mon-ēbo, *I shall advise.*
 Mon-ēbis, *thou wilt advise.*
 Mon-ēbit, *he will advise.*
 P. Mon-ēbīmus, *we shall advise.*
 Mon-ēbitis, *you will advise.*
 Mon-ēbunt, *they will advise.*

Preterperfect, *have, did, &c.*

- S. Mon-ui, *I advised.*
 Mon-uisti, *thou advisedst.*
 Mon-uit, *he advised.*
 P. Mon-uimus, *we advised.*
 Mon-uistis, *you advised.*
 Mon-uērunt vel Mon-uēre, *they advised.*

Preterpluperfect, *had.*

- S. Mon-uēram, *I had advised.*
 Mon-ueras, *thou hadst advised.*
 Mon-uerat, *he had advised.*
 P. Mon-uērāmus, *we had advised.*
 Mon-uērātis, *you had advised.*
 Mon-uērant, *they had advised.*

Future perfect, *shall, will, have.*

- S. Mon-uēro, *I shall have advised.*
 Mon-ueris, *thou wilt have advised.*
 Mon-uerit, *he will have advised.*
 P. Mon-uērīmus, *we shall have advised.*
 Mon-uerītis, *you will have advised.*
 Mon-uerint, *they will have advised.*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Present Tense.

- S. Mon-e, mon-ēto, *advise.*
 Mon-ēto, *advise he, or let him advise.*
 P. Mon-ēte, mon-ētōte, *advise.*
 Mon-ento, *advise they, or let them advise.*

SUBJUNCTIVE OR POTENTIAL MOOD.

Present Tense, *may, can, should, let, and the verb itself.*

- S. Mon-eam, *I advise.*
 Mon-eas, *thou advise.*
 Mon-eat, *he advise.*
 P. Mon-eāmus, *we advise.*
 Mon-eātis, *you advise.*
 Mon-eant, *they advise.*

Preterimperfect, *would, could, might.*

- S. Mon-ārem, *I would advise.*
 Mon-āres, *thou wouldst advise.*
 Mon-āret, *he would advise.*
 P. Mon-ārēmus, *we would advise.*
 Mon-ārētis, *you would advise.*
 Mon-ārent, *they would advise.*

Preterperfect, *may have.*

- S. Mon-uerim, *I may have advised.*
 Mon-ueris, *thou mayst have advised.*
 Mon-uerit, *he may have advised.*
 P. Mon-uerimus, *we may have advised.*
 Mon-ueritis, *you may have advised.*
 Mon-uerint, *they may have advised.*

Preterpluperfect, *would, should, might have.*

- S. Mon-uissem, *I would have advised.*
 Mon-uisses, *thou wouldst have advised.*
 Mon-uisset, *he would have advised.*
 P. Mon-uissēmus, *we would have advised.*
 Mon-uissētis, *you would have advised.*
 Mon-uissent, *they would have advised.*

INFINITIVE MOOD.

Present and Preterimperfect Tense.

Mon-āre, *to advise.*

Future imperfect.

Mon-itūrum esse, *shall advise.*

Preterperfect and Preterpluperfect.

Mon-uisse, *to have advised.*

Future perfect.

Mon-itūrum fuisse, *shall or will have advised.*

GERUNDS.

Mon-endi, *of advising.*

Mon-endo, *in advising.*

Mon-endum, *to advise.*

SUPINE.

Mon-itum, *to advise.*

PARTICIPLES.

Present.

Mon-ens, entis, *advising.*

Future.

Mon-itūrus, a, um, *to advise.*

Third Conjugation.

Principal Parts.

Reg-o, rex-i, rec-tum, reg-ēre, *to rule.*

INDICATIVE MOOD.

Present Tense, *do, am, or the verb itself.*

- S. Reg-o,* *I rule, am ruling, or do rule.*
 Reg-is, *thou rulest.*
 Reg-it, *he rules.*
- P. Reg-Imus, *we rule.*
 Reg-itis, *you rule.*
 Reg-unt, *they rule.*

Preterimperfect, *was.*

- S. Reg-ēbam, *I was ruling.*
 Reg-ēbas, *thou wast ruling.*
 Reg-ēbat, *he was ruling.*
- P. Reg-ēbāmus, *we were ruling.*
 Reg-ēbātis, *you were ruling.*
 Reg-ēbant, *they were ruling.*

Future imperfect, *shall, will.*

- S. Reg-am, *I shall rule.*
 Reg-es, *thou wilt rule.*
 Reg-et, *he will rule.*
- P. Reg-ēmus, *we shall rule.*
 Reg-ētis, *you will rule.*
 Reg-ent, *they will rule.*

* Verbs in *io* thus: *Jacio, jactis, jactit; jacimus, jactitis, jaciunt.*
†aciēbam, &c. Jaciam, &c.

Preterperfect, *have, did, &c.*

- S. Rex-i, *I ruled.*
 Rex-isti, *thou ruledst.*
 Rex-it, *he ruled.*
- P. Rex-imus, *we ruled.*
 Rex-istis, *you ruled.*
 Rex-ērunt, *vel Rex-ēre, they ruled.*

Preterpluperfect, *had.*

- S. Rex-eram, *I had ruled.*
 Rex-eras, *thou hadst ruled.*
 Rex-erat, *he had ruled.*
- P. Rex-erāmus, *we had ruled.*
 Rex-erātis, *you had ruled.*
 Rex-erant, *they had ruled.*

Future perfect, *shall, will, have.*

- S. Rex-ēro, *I shall have ruled.*
 Rex-eris, *thou wilt have ruled.*
 Rex-erit, *he will have ruled.*
- P. Rex-erīmus, *we shall have ruled.*
 Rex-erītis, *you will have ruled.*
 Rex-erint, *they will have ruled.*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Present Tense.

- S. Reg-e,* *reg-ito, rule.*
 Reg-ito, *rule he, or let him rule.*
- P. Reg-ite, *reg-itōte, rule.*
 Reg-unto, *rule they, or let them rule.*

* Verbs in *io* thus: *Jacio, jace, jacito, &c.*

SUBJUNCTIVE OR POTENTIAL MOOD.

Present Tense, *may, can, should, let, and the verb itself.*

- S. Reg-am, *I rule.*
 Reg-as, *thou rule.*
 Reg-at, *he rule.*
 P. Reg-āmus, *we rule.*
 Reg-ātis, *you rule.*
 Reg-ant, *they rule.*

Preterimperfect, *would, could, might.*

- S. Reg-ĕrem,* *I would rule.*
 Reg-eres, *thou wouldst rule.*
 Reg-eret, *he would rule.*
 P. Reg-erĕmus, *we would rule.*
 Reg-erĕtis, *you would rule.*
 Reg-erent, *they would rule.*

Preterperfect, *may have.*

- S. Rex-ĕrim, *I may have ruled.*
 Rex-eris, *thou mayst have ruled.*
 Rex-erit, *he may have ruled.*
 P. Rex-erimus, *we may have ruled.*
 Rex-eritis, *you may have ruled.*
 Rex-erint, *they may have ruled.*

Preterpluperfect, *would, should, might, have.*

- S. Rex-issem, *I would have ruled.*
 Rex-isses, *thou wouldst have ruled.*
 Rex-isset, *he would have ruled.*
 P. Rex-issĕmus, *we would have ruled.*
 Rex-issĕtis, *you would have ruled.*
 Rex-issent, *they would have ruled.*

* Verbs in *io* thus: *Jacio, jacerem; cupio, cuperem, &c.*

INFINITIVE MOOD.

Present and Preterimperfect.

Reg-ĕre,* *to rule.*

Future imperfect.

Reo-tŭrum esse, *shall or will rule.*

Preterperfect and Preterpluperfect.

Rex-isse, *to have ruled.*

Future perfect.

Reo-tŭrum fuisse, *shall have ruled.*

GERUNDS.

Reg-endi, *of ruling.*Reg-endo, *in ruling.*Reg-endum, *to rule.*

SUPINE.

Rectum, *to rule.*

PARTICIPLES.

Present.

Reg-ens, -entis, *ruling.*

Future.

Reo-tŭrus, -a, -um, *to rule.*

* Verbs in *io* thus: *Jacere, cupere, facere, &c.*

Fourth Conjugation.

Principal Parts.

Aud-io, aud-īvi, aud-ītum, aud-īre, *to hear.*

INDICATIVE MOOD.

Present Tense, *do, am, and the verb itself.*

- S. Aud-io, *I hear.*
 Aud-is, *thou hearest.*
 Aud-it, *he hears.*
 P. Aud-īmus, *we hear.*
 Aud-ītis, *you hear.*
 Aud-iunt, *they hear.*

Preterimperfect, *was.*

- S. Aud-iēbam, *I was hearing.*
 Aud-iēbas, *thou wast hearing.*
 Aud-iēbat, *he was hearing.*
 P. Aud-iēbāmus, *we were hearing.*
 Aud-iēbātis, *you were hearing.*
 Aud-iēbant, *they were hearing.*

Future imperfect, *shall, will.*

- S. Aud-iam, *I shall hear.*
 Aud-ies, *thou wilt hear.*
 Aud-iet, *he will hear.*
 P. Aud-iēmus, *we shall hear.*
 Aud-iētis, *you will hear.*
 Aud-ient, *they will hear.*

Preterperfect, *have, did, &c.*

- S. Aud-īvi, *I heard.*
 Aud-īvisti, *thou heardst.*
 Aud-īvit, *he heard.*
 P. Aud-īvimus, *we heard.*
 Aud-īvistis, *you heard.*
 Aud-īverunt *vel* Aud-īvēre, *they heard.*

Preterpluperfect, *had*.

- S. Aud-iveram, *I had heard*.
 Aud-iveras, *thou hadst heard*.
 Aud-iverat, *he had heard*.
 P. Aud-iverāmus, *we had heard*.
 Aud-iverātis, *you had heard*.
 Aud-iverant, *they had heard*.

Future perfect, *shall, will, have*.

- S. Aud-ivero, *I shall have heard*.
 Aud-iveris, *thou wilt have heard*.
 Aud-iverit, *he will have heard*.
 P. Aud-iverīmus, *we shall have heard*.
 Aud-iverītis, *you will have heard*.
 Aud-iverint, *they will have heard*.

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Present Tense.

- S. Aud-i, aud-īto, *hear*.
 Aud-īto, *hear he, or let him hear*.
 P. Aud-īte, aud-ītōte, *hear*.
 Aud-iunto, *hear they, or let them hear*.

SUBJUNCTIVE OR POTENTIAL MOOD.

Present Tense, *may, can, should, let, and the verb itself*.

- S. Aud-iam, *I hear*.
 Aud-ias, *thou hear*.
 Aud-iat, *he hear*.
 P. Aud-iāmus, *we hear*.
 Aud-iātis, *you hear*.
 Aud-iant, *they hear*.

Preterimperfect, *would, could, might*.

- S. Aud-īrem, *I would hear*.
 Aud-īres, *thou wouldst hear*.
 Aud-īret, *he would hear*.
 P. Aud-irēmus, *we would hear*.
 Aud-irētis, *you would hear*.
 Aud-irent, *they would hear*.

Preterperfect, *may have.*

- S. Aud-īverim, *I may have heard.*
 Aud-īveris, *thou mayst have heard.*
 Aud-īverit, *he may have heard.*
 P. Aud-īverimus, *we may have heard.*
 Aud-īveritis, *you may have heard.*
 Aud-īverint, *they may have heard.*

Preterpluperfect, *would, should, might, have.*

- S. Aud-īvissem, *I would have heard.*
 Aud-īvisses, *thou wouldst have heard.*
 Aud-īvisset, *he would have heard.*
 P. Aud-īvissemus, *we would have heard.*
 Aud-īvissetis, *you would have heard.*
 Aud-īvissent, *they would have heard.*

INFINITIVE MOOD.

Present and Preterimperfect.

Aud-īre, *to hear.*

Future imperfect.

Aud-itūrum esse, *shall or will hear.*

Preterperfect and preterpluperfect.

Aud-īvisse, *to have heard.*

Future perfect.

Aud-itūrum fuisse, *shall have heard.*

GERUNDS.

Aud-iendi, *of hearing.*

Aud-iendo, *in hearing.*

Aud-iendum, *to hear.*

SUPINE.

Aud-ītum, *to hear.*

PARTICIPLES.

Present.

Aud-iens, -entis, *hearing.*

Future.

Aud-itūrus, -a, -um, *to hear.*

PASSIVE VOICE.

First Conjugation.

Principal Parts.

Am-or, am-ātus sum vel fui, am-āri, to be loved.

INDICATIVE MOOD.

Present Tense, *am.*

- S. *Am-or, I am loved.*
Am-āris, vel Am-āre, thou art loved.
Am-ātur, he is loved.
- P. *Am-āmur, we are loved.*
Am-āmini, you are loved.
Am-antur, they are loved.

Preterimperfect, *was.*

- S. *Am-ābar, I was loved.*
Am-ābaris, thou wast loved.
Am-ābātur, he was loved.
- P. *Am-ābāmur, we were loved.*
Am-ābāmini, you were loved.
Am-ābantur, they were loved.

Future imperfect, *shall, will, be.*

- S. *Am-ābor, I shall be loved.*
Am-ābēris, thou wilt be loved.
Am-ābitur, he will be loved.

P. Am-ābimur, *we shall be loved.*
 Am-ābimini, *you will be loved.*
 Am-ābuntur, *they will be loved.*

Preterperfect, *was, have, been.*

S. Am-ātus { *sum, vel fui, I was or have been loved.*
es, vel fuisti, thou hast been loved.
est, vel fuit, he has been loved.

P. Am-āti { *sumus vel fuimus, we have been loved.*
estis vel fuistis, you have been loved.
sunt, fuērunt vel fuēre, they have been loved.

Preterpluperfect, *had been.*

S. Am-ātus { *eram vel fueram, I had been loved.*
eras vel fueras, thou hadst been loved.
erat vel fuerat, he had been loved.

P. Am-āti { *erāmus vel fuerāmus, we had been loved.*
erātis vel fuerātis, you had been loved.
erant vel fuerant, they had been loved.

Future perfect, *shall, will, have been.*

S. Am-ātus { *ēro vel fuero, I shall have been loved.*
eris vel fueris, thou wilt have been loved.
erit vel fuerit, he will have been loved.

P. Am-āti { *erīmus vel fuerīmus, we shall have been loved.*
eritis vel fueritis, you will have been loved.
erunt vel fuerint, they will have been loved.

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Present Tense.

S. Am-āre, am-ātor, *be loved.*
 Am-ātor, *let him be loved.*

P. Am-āmini, *be loved.*
 Am-antor, *let them be loved.*

SUBJUNCTIVE OR POTENTIAL MOOD.

Present Tense, *may, can, should, let, be.*S. Am-er, *I may be loved.*Am-ēris, *thou mayst be loved.*Am-ētur, *he may be loved.*P. Am-ēmur, *we may be loved.*Am-ēmini, *you may be loved.*Am-entur, *they may be loved.*Preterimperfect, *were, or would, could, might, be.*S. Am-ārer, *I would be loved.*Am-ārēris, *thou wouldst be loved.*Am-ārētur, *he would be loved.*P. Am-ārēmur, *we would be loved.*Am-ārēmini, *you would be loved.*Am-ārentur, *they would be loved.*Preterperfect, *may have been.*

S. Am-ātus	{	sim <i>vel</i> fuerim, <i>I may have been loved.</i>
	{	sis <i>vel</i> fueris, <i>thou mayst have been loved.</i>
	{	sit <i>vel</i> fuerit, <i>he may have been loved.</i>
P. Am-āti	{	sīmus <i>vel</i> fuerimus <i>we may have been loved.</i>
	{	sītis <i>vel</i> fueritis, <i>you may have been loved.</i>
	{	sint <i>vel</i> fuerint, <i>they may have been loved.</i>

Preterpluperfect, *would, should, might have been.*

S. Am-ātus	{	essem <i>vel</i> fuisset, <i>I would have been loved.</i>
	{	esses <i>vel</i> fuisses, <i>thou wouldst have been loved.</i>
	{	esset <i>vel</i> fuisset, <i>he would have been loved.</i>
P. Am-āti	{	essēmus <i>vel</i> fuissēmus, <i>we would have been loved.</i>
	{	essētis <i>vel</i> fuissētis, <i>you would have been loved.</i>
	{	essent <i>vel</i> fuissent, <i>they would have been loved.</i>

INFINITIVE MOOD.

Present and Preterimperfect Tense.

Am-āri, *to be loved.*

Future imperfect.

Am-ātum iri, shall be loved.

Preterperfect and Preterpluperfect.

Am-ātum esse vel fuisse, to have been loved.

Future perfect.

Am-andum fuisse, shall have been loved.

SUPINE.

Am-ātu, to be loved.

PARTICIPLES.

Present.

Am-ātus, -a, -um, loved, or being loved.

Future.

Am-andus, -a, -um, to be loved, or about to be loved.

Second Conjugation.

Principal Parts.

Mon-eor, mon-itus sum *vel* fui, mon-ēri, *to be advised.*

INDICATIVE MOOD.

Present Tense, *am.*

- S. Mon-eor, *I am advised.*
 Mon-ēris, *thou art advised.*
 Mon-ētur, *he is advised.*
 P. Mon-ēmur, *we are advised.*
 Mon-ēmini, *you are advised.*
 Mon-entur, *they are advised.*

Preterimperfect, *was.*

- S. Mon-ēbar, *I was advised.*
 Mon-ēbāris, *thou wast advised.*
 Mon-ēbātur, *he was advised.*
 P. Mon-ēbāmur, *we were advised.*
 Mon-ēbāmini, *you were advised.*
 Mon-ēbantur, *they were advised.*

Future imperfect, *shall, will, be.*

- S. Mon-ēbor, *I shall be advised.*
 Mon-ēbēris, *thou wilt be advised.*
 Mon-ēbitur, *he will be advised.*
 P. Mon-ēbīmur, *we shall be advised.*
 Mon-ēbimini, *you will be advised.*
 Mon-ēbuntur, *they will be advised.*

Preterperfect, *was, have been.*

- S. Mon-itus { sum *vel* fui, *I was, or have been advised.*
 es *vel* fuisti, *thou hast been advised.*
 est *vel* fuit, *he has been advised.*

- P. Mon-īti { *sumus vel fuimus, we have been advised.*
estis vel fuistis, you have been advised.
sunt, fuērunt vel fuēre, they have been advised.

Preterpluperfect, had been.

- S. Mon-ītus { *eram vel fueram, I had been advised.*
eras vel fueras, thou hadst been advised.
erat vel fuerat, he had been advised.
- P. Mon-īti { *erāmus vel fuerāmus, we had been advised.*
erātis vel fuerātis, you had been advised.
erant vel fuerant, they had been advised.

Future perfect, shall, will, have been.

- S. Mon-ītus { *ēro vel fuero, I shall have been advised.*
eris vel fueris, thou wilt have been advised.
erit vel fuerit, he will have been advised.
- P. Mon-īti { *erīmus vel fuerīmus, we shall have been advised.*
eritis vel fueritis, you will have been advised.
erunt vel fuerint, they will have been advised.

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Present Tense.

- S. Mon-ēre, mon-ētor, *be advised.*
 Mon-ētor, *let him be advised.*
- P. Mon-ēmini, *be advised.*
 Mon-entor, *let them be advised.*

SUBJUNCTIVE OR POTENTIAL MOOD.

Present Tense, may, can, should, let, be.

- S. Mon-ear, *I be advised.*
 Mon-eāris, *thou be advised.*
 Mon-eātur, *he be advised.*
- P. Mon-eāmur, *we be advised.*
 Mon-eāmini, *you be advised.*
 Mon-eantur, *they be advised.*

Preterimperfect, *were, or would, could, might, be.*

S. Mon-ērer, *I would be advised.*

Mon-ērēris, *thou wouldst be advised.*

Mon-ērētur, *he would be advised.*

P. Mon-ērēmur, *we would be advised.*

Mon-ērēmini, *you would be advised.*

Mon-ērentur, *they would be advised.*

Preterperfect, *may have been.*

- | | | |
|-------------|---|---|
| S. Mon-ītus | { | sim vel fuerim, <i>I may have been advised.</i> |
| | | sis vel fueris, <i>thou mayst have been advised.</i> |
| | | sit vel fuerit, <i>he may have been advised.</i> |
| P. Mon-īti | { | sīmus vel fuerimus, <i>we may have been advised.</i> |
| | | sītis vel fueritis, <i>you may have been advised.</i> |
| | | sint vel fuerint, <i>they may have been advised.</i> |

Preterpluperfect, *would, should, might, have been.*

- | | | |
|-------------|---|--|
| S. Mon-ītus | { | essem vel fuisset <i>I would have been advised.</i> |
| | | esses vel fuisses, <i>thou wouldst have been advised.</i> |
| | | esset vel fuisset, <i>he would have been advised.</i> |
| P. Mon-īti | { | essēmus vel fuissēmus, <i>we would have been advised.</i> |
| | | essētis vel fuissētis, <i>you would have been advised.</i> |
| | | essent vel fuissent, <i>they would have been advised.</i> |

INFINITIVE MOOD.

Present and Preterimperfect Tense.

Mon-ēri, *to be advised.*

Future imperfect.

Mon-ītum iri, *shall be advised.*

Preterperfect and Preterpluperfect.

Mon-ītum esse vel fuisse, *to have been advised.*

Future perfect.

Mon-endum fuisse, *shall have been advised.*

SUPINE.

Mon-itu, *to be advised.*

PARTICIPLES.

Present.

Mon-itus, -a, -um, *advised, or being advised.*

Future.

Mon-endus, -a, -um, *to be advised.*

Third Conjugation.

Principal Parts.

Rēg-or, rec-tus sum vel fui, reg-i, to be ruled.

INDICATIVE MOOD.

Present Tense, *am.*

- S. *Reg-or,* I am ruled.*
Reg-ēris, thou art ruled.
Reg-itur, he is ruled.
 P. *Reg-imur, we are ruled.*
Reg-imini, you are ruled.
Reg-untur, they are ruled.

Preterimperfect, *was.*

- S. *Reg-ēbar, I was ruled.*
Reg-ēbāris, thou wast ruled.
Reg-ēbātur, he was ruled.
 P. *Reg-ēbāmur, we were ruled.*
Reg-ēbāmini, you were ruled.
Reg-ēbantur, they were ruled.

Future imperfect, *shall, will, be.*

- S. *Reg-ar, I shall be ruled.*
Reg-ēris, thou wilt be ruled.
Reg-ētur, he will be ruled.
 P. *Reg-ēmur, we shall be ruled.*
Reg-ēmini, you will be ruled.
Reg-entur, they will be ruled.

* Verbs in *-ior* thus: *Jacior, jacēris, jacitur; jacimur, jacimini, jaciuntur.*

Preterperfect, *was, have been.*

- S. Rec-tus { *sum vel fui, I was or have been ruled.*
 es vel fuisti, thou hast been ruled.
 est vel fuit, he has been ruled.
- P. Rec-ti { *sumus vel fuimus, we have been ruled.*
 estis vel fuistis, you have been ruled.
 sunt, fuērunt vel fuēre, they have been ruled.

Preterpluperfect, *had been.*

- S. Rec-tus { *eram vel fueram, I had been ruled.*
 eras vel fueras, thou hadst been ruled.
 erat vel fuerat, he had been ruled.
- P. Rec-ti { *erāmus vel fuerāmus, we had been ruled.*
 erātis vel fuerātis, you had been ruled.
 erant vel fuerant, they had been ruled.

Future perfect, *shall, will, have been.*

- S. Rec-tus { *ēro vel fuero, I shall have been ruled.*
 eris vel fueris, thou wilt have been ruled.
 erit vel fuerit, he will have been ruled.
- P. Rec-ti { *erīmus vel fuerīmus, we shall have been ruled.*
 eritis vel fueritis, you will have been ruled.
 erunt vel fuerint, they will have been ruled.

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Present Tense.

- S. Reg-ēre,* reg-itor, *be ruled.*
 Reg-itor, *let him be ruled.*
- P. Reg-imini, *be ruled.*
 Reg-untor, *let them be ruled.*

* Verbs in -ior thus: *Jacere, jacitor, &c.*

SUBJUNCTIVE OR POTENTIAL MOOD.

Present Tense, *may, can, should, let, be.*

- S. Reg-ar, *I may be ruled.*
 Reg-āris, *thou mayst be ruled.*
 Reg-ātur, *he may be ruled.*
 P. Reg-āmur, *we may be ruled.*
 Reg-āmini, *you may be ruled.*
 Reg-antur, *they may be ruled.*

Preterimperfect, *were, or would, could, might, be.*

- S. Reg-ērer, * *I would be ruled.*
 Reg-erēris, *thou wouldst be ruled.*
 Reg-erētur, *he would be ruled.*
 P. Reg-erēmur, *we would be ruled.*
 Reg-erēmini, *you would be ruled.*
 Reg-erentur, *they would be ruled.*

Preterperfect, *may have been.*

- | | | |
|------------|---|--|
| S. Rec-tus | { | sim <i>vel</i> fuerim, <i>I may have been ruled.</i>
sis <i>vel</i> fueris, <i>thou mayst have been ruled.</i>
sit <i>vel</i> fuerit, <i>he may have been ruled.</i> |
| P. Rec-ti | { | sīmus <i>vel</i> fuerimus, <i>we may have been ruled.</i>
sītis <i>vel</i> fueritis, <i>you may have been ruled.</i>
sint <i>vel</i> fuerint, <i>they may have been ruled.</i> |

Preterpluperfect, *would, should, might, have been.*

- | | | |
|------------|---|---|
| S. Rec-tus | { | essem <i>vel</i> fuisset, <i>I would have been ruled.</i>
esses <i>vel</i> fuisses, <i>thou wouldst have been ruled.</i>
esset <i>vel</i> fuisset, <i>he would have been ruled.</i> |
| P. Rec-ti | { | essēmus <i>vel</i> fuissēmus, <i>we would have been ruled.</i>
essētis <i>vel</i> fuissētis, <i>you would have been ruled.</i>
essent <i>vel</i> fuissent, <i>they would have been ruled.</i> |

* Verbs in -ior thus: *Jacerer, Cuperer, &c.*

INFINITIVE MOOD.

Present and Preterimperfect.

Reg-i,* *to be ruled.*

Future imperfect.

Rec-tum iri, *shall be ruled.*

Preterperfect and Preterpluperfect.

Rec-tum esse *vel* fuisse, *to have been ruled.*

Future perfect.

Reg-endum fuisse, *shall have been ruled.*

SUPINE.

Rec-tu, *to be ruled.*

PARTICIPLES.

Present.

Rec-tus, -a, -um, *ruled, or being ruled.*

Future.

Reg-endus, -a, -um, *to be ruled.*

* Verbs in -ior thus: *Jaci, capi, &c.* Sometimes -er is added to the end, as *dicier* for *dici*.

Fourth Conjugation.

Principal Parts.

Aud-ior, aud-ītus sum *vel* fui, aud-īri, *to be heard.*

INDICATIVE MOOD.

Present Tense, *am.*

- S. Aud-ior, *I am heard.*
 Aud-īris, *thou art heard.*
 Aud-ītur, *he is heard.*
 P. Aud-īmur, *we are heard.*
 Aud-īmini, *you are heard.*
 Aud-iuntur, *they are heard.*

Preterimperfect, *was.*

- S. Aud-iēbar, *I was heard.*
 Aud-iēbāris, *thou wast heard.*
 Aud-iēbātur, *he was heard.*
 P. Aud-iēbāmur, *we were heard.*
 Aud-iēbāmini, *you were heard.*
 Aud-iēbantur, *they were heard.*

Future imperfect, *shall, will, be.*

- S. Aud-iar, *I shall be heard.*
 Aud-iēris, *thou wilt be heard.*
 Aud-iētur, *he will be heard.*
 P. Aud-iēmur, *we shall be heard.*
 Aud-iēmini, *you will be heard.*
 Aud-ientur, *they will be heard.*

Preterperfect, *was, have been.*

- | | | |
|-------------|---|--|
| S. Aud-ītus | { | sum <i>vel</i> fui, <i>I was, or have been heard.</i> |
| | { | es <i>vel</i> fuisti, <i>thou hast been heard.</i> |
| | { | est <i>vel</i> fuit, <i>he has been heard.</i> |
| P. Aud-īti | { | sumus <i>vel</i> fuimus, <i>we have been heard.</i> |
| | { | estis <i>vel</i> fuistis, <i>you have been heard.</i> |
| | { | sunt, fuērunt <i>vel</i> fuēre, <i>they have been heard.</i> |

Preterpluperfect, *had been.*

- | | | |
|-------------|---|--|
| S. Aud-itus | { | eram <i>vel</i> fueram, <i>I had been heard.</i> |
| | | eras <i>vel</i> fueras, <i>thou hadst been heard.</i> |
| | | erat <i>vel</i> fuerat, <i>he had been heard.</i> |
| P. Aud-iti | { | erāmus <i>vel</i> fuerāmus, <i>we had been heard.</i> |
| | | erātis <i>vel</i> fuerātis, <i>you had been heard.</i> |
| | | erant <i>vel</i> fuerant, <i>they had been heard.</i> |

Future perfect, *shall, will, have been.*

- | | | |
|-------------|---|--|
| S. Aud-itus | { | ero <i>vel</i> fuero, <i>I shall have been heard.</i> |
| | | eris <i>vel</i> fueris, <i>thou wilt have been heard.</i> |
| | | erit <i>vel</i> fuerit, <i>he will have been heard.</i> |
| P. Aud-iti | { | erimus <i>vel</i> fuerimus, <i>we shall have been heard.</i> |
| | | eritis <i>vel</i> fueritis, <i>you will have been heard.</i> |
| | | erunt <i>vel</i> fuerint, <i>they will have been heard.</i> |

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Present Tense.

- S. Aud-īre, aud-ītor, *be heard.*
 Aud-ītor, *let him be heard.*
 P. Aud-īmini, *be heard.*
 Aud-iuntor, *let them be heard.*

SUBJUNCTIVE OR POTENTIAL MOOD,

Present Tense, *may, can, should, let, be.*

- S. Aud-iar, *I may be heard.*
 Aud-iāris, *thou mayst be heard.*
 Aud-iātur, *he may be heard.*
 P. Aud-iāmur, *we may be heard.*
 Audiāmini, *you may be heard.*
 Aud-iāntur, *they may be heard.*

Preterimperfect, *were, or would, could, might, be.*

- S. Aud-īrer, *I would be heard.*
 Aud-īrēris, *thou wouldst be heard.*
 Aud-īrētur, *he would be heard.*

- P. Aud-irēmur, *we would be heard.*
 Aud-irēmini, *you would be heard.*
 Aud-irentur, *they would be heard.*

Preterperfect, *may have been.*

- S. Aud-itus { *sim vel fuerim, I may have been heard.*
sis vel fueris, thou mayest have been heard.
sit vel fuerit, he may have been heard.
- P. Aud-iti { *sīmus vel fuerimus, we may have been heard.*
sītis vel fueritis, you may have been heard.
sint vel fuerint, they may have been heard.

Preterpluperfect, *would, should, might, have been.*

- S. Aud-itus { *essem vel fuisset, I would have been heard.*
esses vel fuisses, thou wouldst have been heard.
esset vel fuisset, he would have been heard.
- P. Aud-iti { *essēmus vel fuissēmus, we would have been*
heard.
essētis vel fuissētis, you would have been heard.
essent vel fuissent, they would have been heard.

INFINITIVE MOOD.

Present and Preterimperfect Tense.

Aud-iri, *to be heard.*

Future imperfect.

Aud-ītum iri, *shall be heard.*

Preterperfect and Preterpluperfect.

Aud-ītum esse vel fuisse, *to have been heard.*

Future perfect.

Aud-iendum fuisse, *shall have been heard.*

SUPINE.

Aud-ītū, *to be heard.*

PARTICIPLES.

Present.

Aud-itus, -a, -um, *heard*, or *being heard*.

Future.

Aud-iendus, -a, -um, *to be heard*.*First Conjugation*Makes -*avi* in the Perfect Tense, and -*atum* in the Supine: as,

Present.	Perfect.	Supine.	Infinitive:	
āmo,	āmāvi,	āmātum,	amare,	<i>to love.</i>
aro,	"	"	"	<i>to plough.</i>
rogo,	"	"	"	<i>to ask.</i>
ligo,	"	"	"	<i>to bind.</i>
ambulo,	"	"	"	<i>to walk.</i>
juro,	"	"	"	<i>to swear.</i>
paro,	"	"	"	<i>to prepare.</i>
oro,	"	"	"	<i>to pray.</i>
postulo,	"	"	"	<i>to demand.</i>
guberno,	"	"	"	<i>to govern.</i>
impĕro,	"	"	"	<i>to command.</i>
vito,	"	"	"	<i>to avoid.</i>
pecco,	"	"	"	<i>to sin.</i>
crĕmo,	"	"	"	<i>to burn.</i>

-o, -ui, (-itum,) -tum.

crĕpo,	crĕpui,	crĕpĭtum,	crĕpare,	<i>make a noise.</i>
incrĕpo,	{ increpui, increpāvi,	{ increpĭtum, increpātum,		
cŭbo,	cubui,	cubĭtum,	cubare,	<i>lie down.</i>
dōmo,	domui,	domĭtum,	domare,	<i>tame.</i>
plico,	{ plicui, plicāvi,	{ plicĭtum, plicātum,	plicare,	<i>fold.</i>
ŕno,	sonui,	sonĭtum,	sonare,	<i>sound.</i>

tõno,	tonui,	tonitum,	tonare,	<i>thunder.</i>
věto,	vetui,	vetitum,	vetare,	<i>forbid.</i>
frico,	fricui,	{ fricatum, frictum, }	fricare,	<i>rub.</i>
jũvo,	juvi,	jutum,	juvare,	<i>help.</i>
lãvo,	{ lavãvi, lavi,	{ lavatum, lotum, lautum, }	lavare,	<i>wash.</i>
sěco,	secui,	sectum,	secare,	<i>cut.</i>
mico,*	micui,	—	micare,	<i>glitter.</i>
poto,	potavi,	{ potatum, potum, }	potare,	<i>drink.</i>
do,	dědi,	dãtum,	dãre,	<i>give.</i>
sto,	stěti,	stãtum,	stãre,	<i>stand.</i>
consto,	constĩti,	{ constĩtum, constatum, }	constare,	<i>stand together.</i>

(Part. Fut. *constaturus.*)*Second Conjugation.***-eo, -evi, -etum, -ere.**

deleo,	<i>destroy, blot out.</i>
fleo,	<i>weep.</i>
neo,	<i>spin.</i>
pleo,	<i>fill, and its compounds.</i>
aboleo,	<i>abolish.</i>
adoleo,	<i>grow up.</i>
obsoleo,	<i>grow out of date.</i>

-eo, -ui, -itum, -ere.

cãleo,	<i>am warm.</i>	hãbeo,	<i>have.</i>
cãreo,	<i>am without.</i>	jãceo,	<i>lie low.</i>
děbeo,	<i>owe.</i>	měreo,	<i>deserve.</i>
dõleo,	<i>grieve.</i>	mõneo,	<i>warn.</i>

* Compounds regular, as—

dimico,	dimicavi,	dimicatum,	dimicare,	<i>fight.</i>
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nōceo,	<i>hurt.</i>	tāceo,	<i>hold one's</i>
pareo,	<i>obey.</i>		<i>tongue.</i>
plāceo,	<i>please.</i>	terreo,	<i>terrify.</i>
præbeo,	<i>afford.</i>	vāleo,	<i>am well.</i>

-ui, -tum, -ere.

dōceo,	docui,	doctum,	docēre,	<i>to teach.</i>
misceo,	miscui,	{ mistum, or }	miscēre,	<i>mix.</i>
tēneo,	tenui,	{ mixtum, }	tenēre,	<i>hold.</i>
-torreo,	torrui,	tentum,	torrēre,	<i>parch, roast.</i>
		tostum,		

-ui, -sum, -ere.

censeo,	censui,	censum,	censēre,	{ <i>am of opinion,</i>
				<i>value.</i>
recenseo,	recensui,	{ recensum,	recensēre,	<i>enumerate.</i>
		{ recensitum,		

-eo, -ui, (no Supine,) -ere.

arceo,	<i>ward off.</i>	rigeo,	<i>am stiff.</i>
areo,	<i>am dry.</i>	rūbeo,	<i>am red.</i>
egeo,	<i>need.</i>	sileo,	<i>am silent.</i>
flōreo,	<i>flourish.</i>	sōrbeo,	<i>suck in.</i>
horreo,	<i>shudder.</i>	splendeo,	<i>glitter.</i>
languéo,	<i>am languid.</i>	stūdeo,	<i>am at, study.</i>
lāteo,	<i>lie hid.</i>	stūpeo,	<i>am astounded.</i>
mādeo,	<i>am wet.</i>	tīmeo,	<i>fear.</i>
māreo,	<i>mourn.</i>	torpeo,	<i>am torpid.</i>
nīteo,	<i>shine.</i>	tūmeo,	<i>swell.</i>
ōleo,	<i>smell.</i>	vīgeo,	<i>flourish.</i>
palleo,	<i>am pale.</i>	vīreo,	<i>am green.</i>
pāteo,	<i>stand open.</i>		

-si, -tum, (-xi, -ctum,) -ere.

indulgeo,	indulsi,	indultum,	indulgēre,	<i>indulge.</i>
torqueo,	torsi,	tortum,	torquēre,	<i>twist.</i>
augeo,	auxi,	auctum,	augēre,	<i>increase.</i>

lugeo,	luxi,	luctum,	lugēre,	<i>mourn.</i>
algeo,	alsi,	—	algēre,	<i>am cold.</i>
fulgeo,	fulsi,	—	fulgēre,	<i>shine.</i>
frīgeo,	frixi,	—	frigēre,	<i>am cold.</i>
lūceo,	luxi,	—	lucēre,	<i>shine.</i>

-si, -sum, -ere.

ardeo,	arsī,	arsum,	ardēre,	<i>burn.</i>
hæreo,	hæsi,	hæsum,	hærēre,	<i>stick.</i>
jūbeo,	jussi,	jussum,	jubēre,	<i>order.</i>
māneo,	mansī,	mansum,	manēre,	<i>remain.</i>
mulceo,	mulsi,	mulsum,	mulcēre,	<i>soothe.</i>
mulgeo,	mulsi,	mulsum,	mulgēre,	<i>milk.</i>
rīdeo,	rīsi,	rīsum,	ridēre,	<i>laugh.</i>
suādeo,	suāsi,	suāsum,	suadēre,	<i>persuade.</i>

-i, -sum, -ere.

mordeo,	momordi,	morsum,	mordēre,	<i>bite.</i>
pendeo,	pendi,	pensum,	pendēre,	<i>hang.</i>
spondeo,	spondi,	sponsum,	spondēre,	<i>promise.</i>
tondeo,	tondi,	tonsum,	tondēre,	<i>shave.</i>
sēdeo,	sēdi,	sessum,	sedēre,	<i>sit.</i>
vīdeo,	vidi,	visum,	vidēre,	<i>see.</i>
conniveo,	connivi, -xi,	—	connivēre,	<i>wink at.</i>

-i, -tum, -ere.

cāveo,	cāvi,	cautum,	cavēre,	<i>beware.</i>
fāveo,	fāvi,	fautum,	favēre,	<i>favour.</i>
fōveo,	fōvi,	fōtum,	fovēre,	<i>cherish.</i>
mōveo,	mōvi,	mōtum,	movēre,	<i>move.</i>
vōveo,	vōvi,	vōtum,	vovēre,	<i>vow.</i>
ferveo,	{ fervi, } { ferbui, }	—	fervēre,	<i>am hot.</i>
paveo,	pavi,	—	pavēre,	<i>dread.</i>
prandeo,	{ prandi, pran- } { sus sum. }	pransum,	prandēre,	{ break- fast.

-eo, (no Perfect; no Supine,) -ere.

albeo,	<i>am white.</i>
āveo,	<i>long.</i>
hēbeo,	<i>blush.</i>
hūmeo,	<i>am moist.</i>

liveo,	<i>am livid.</i>
renīdeo,	<i>glitter.</i>
scāteo,	<i>gush out.</i>

*Third Conjugation.***-bo.**

nubo,	nupsi,	nuptum,	nubēre,	{ <i>marry, veil, (of the female).</i>
glubo,	glupsi,	gluptum,	glubēre,	<i>peel.</i>
scribo,	scripsi,	scriptum,	scribēre,	<i>write.</i>
bibo,	bībi,	bibitum,	bibēre,	<i>drink.</i>
cumbo,	cubui,	cubitum,	cumbēre,	<i>lie down.</i>
lambo,	lambi,	lambitum,	lambēre,	<i>lick.</i>

-po.

carpo,	carpsi,	carptum,	carpēre,	<i>pluck.</i>
rēpo,	repsi,	reptum,	repēre,	<i>creep.</i>
scalpo,	scalpsi,	scalptum,	scalpēre,	<i>grave.</i>
sculpo,	sculpsi,	sculptum,	sculpēre,	<i>carve.</i>
serpo,	serpsi,	serptum,	serpēre,	<i>crawl.</i>
rumpo,	rūpi,	ruptum,	rupēre,	<i>burst.</i>
strēpo,	strepui,	streptum,	strepēre,	<i>make a noise.</i>

Verbs in **-do** form the Future in **-di** and Supine in **-sum**,
as,

scando,	scandi,	scansum,	scandēre,	<i>climb.</i>
ēdo,	ēdi,	ēsum,	ēdere,	<i>eat.</i>

EXCEPTIONS:

claudio,	}	si, sum,	}	<i>shut.</i>
divido,				<i>divide.</i>
lædo,				<i>hurt.</i>
ludo,				<i>play.</i>
plaudo,				<i>applaud.</i>
rado,				<i>shave.</i>
rodo,				<i>gnaw.</i>
trudo,				<i>thrust.</i>
vado,				<i>go.</i>

-do, -i, sum.

cado,	cecīdi,	casum,	cadēre,	<i>fall.</i>
cædo,	cecīdi,	cæsum,	cædēre,	<i>cut, kill.</i>
cedo,	cessi,	cessum,	cedēre,	<i>yield.</i>
findo,	fidi,	fissum,	findēre,	<i>cleave.</i>
fundo,	fūdi,	fusum,	fundēre,	<i>pour.</i>
pando,	pandi,	{ pansum, passum, }	pandēre,	<i>spread.</i>
pendo,	pependi,	pensum,	pendēre,	<i>weigh.</i>
scindo,	scidi,	scissum,	scindēre,	<i>cut.</i>
sīdo,	sīdi,	—	sidēre,	<i>sink, settle.</i>
tendo,	tetendi,	{ tensum, tentum, }	tendēre,	<i>stretch.</i>
tundo,	tutudi,	{ tunsum, tusum, }	tundēre,	<i>beat.</i>

abdo,	} dīdi, dītum,	hide.
addo,		add.
condo,		hide, build.
crēdo,		believe.
dedo,		give up.
dido,		distribute.
ēdo,		give out.
indo,		put in.
obdo,		close.
perdo,		lose.
prodo,		betray.
reddo,		give up.
subdo,		put under.
trado,		deliver up.
vendo,		sell.

-to.

mitto,	misi,	missum,	mittĕre,	<i>send.</i>
flecto,	flexi,	flexum,	flectĕre,	<i>bend.</i>
necto,	{ nexi, nexus, }	nexum,	nectĕre,	<i>knit.</i>
sisto,	{ stĭti, stĕti, }	stĭtum,	sistĕre,	<i>stop, detain.</i>
resisto,	restiti,	restitum,	resistere,	<i>oppose.</i>
verto,	verti,	versum,	vertĕre,	<i>turn.</i>
peto,	{ petivi, pĕtii, }	petitum,	petĕre,	<i>seek.</i>

-co.

dico,	dixi,	dictum,	dicĕre,	<i>say.</i>
ico,	ici,	ictum,	icĕre,	<i>strike.</i>
duco,	duxi,	ductum,	ducĕre,	<i>lead.</i>
parco,	{ parsi, peperci, }	{ parsum, parcitum, }	parcĕre,	<i>spare.</i>
vinco,	vici,	victum,	vincĕre,	<i>conquer.</i>

-go.

figo,	fixi,	flictum,	figĕre,	<i>strike.</i>
rego,	rexī,	rectum,	regĕre,	<i>rule.</i>
tēgo,	texi,	tectum,	tegĕre,	<i>cover.</i>
tingo,	tinxi,	tinctum,	tingĕre,	<i>dye.</i>
dego,	degi,	—	degĕre,	<i>spend.</i>
figo,	finxi,	fictum,	figĕre,	<i>fashion.</i>
jungo,	junxi,	junctum,	jungĕre,	<i>join.</i>
pango,	{ panxi, pepigi, }	pactum,	pangĕre,	<i>drive in.</i>
pingo,	pinxi,	pictum,	pingĕre,	<i>paint.</i>
stringo,	strinxi,	strictum,	stringĕre,	<i>bind.</i>
ango,	anxi,	—	angĕre,	<i>torment.</i>
mergo,	mersi,	mersum,	mergĕre,	<i>dip.</i>
pergo,	perrexi,	perrectum,	pergĕre,	<i>go forth.</i>
spargo,	sparsi,	sparsum,	spargĕre,	<i>scatter.</i>
surgo,	surrexi,	surrectum,	surgĕre,	<i>rise.</i>
figo,	fixi,	fixum,	figĕre,	<i>fix.</i>
āgo,	ēgi,	actum,	agĕre,	<i>do, drive,</i>

lĕgo,	lĕgi,	lectum,	legĕre,	<i>read.</i>
intelligo,	intellexi,	intellectum,	intelligĕre,	<i>understand.</i>
neglĭgo,	neglexi,	neglectum,	negligĕre,	<i>neglect.</i>
frango,	fregi,	fractum,	frangĕre,	<i>break.</i>
pungo,	pupŭgi,	punctum,	pungĕre,	<i>prick.</i>
tango,	tetigi,	tactum,	tangĕre,	<i>touch.</i>

-quo.

cōquo,	}	coxi,	coctum,	coquĕre,	<i>cook.</i>
linquo,		liqui,	lictum,	linquĕre,	<i>leave.</i>
relinquo,					

-ho.

trāho,	traxi,	tractum,	trahĕre,	<i>draw.</i>	<i>[carriage.]</i>
vĕho,	vexi,	vectum,	vehĕre,	<i>carry (in a ship or</i>	

-io.

cāpio,	cēpi,	captum,	capĕre,	<i>take.</i>
ac-cĭpio,	ac-cēpi,	ac-ceptum,	ac-cĭpere,	<i>receive.</i>
cŭpio,	cupĭvi,	cupĭtum,	cupĕre,	<i>desire.</i>
fōdio,	fōdi,	fossum,	fodĕre,	<i>dig.</i>
fācio,	feci,	factum,	facĕre,	<i>make, do.</i>
con-fĭcio,	con-feci,	con-fectum,	con-ficĕre,	<i>finish.</i>
fugio,	fugi,	fugitum,	fugere,	<i>flee.</i>
jacio,	jeci,	jactum,	jacĕre,	<i>throw, cast.</i>
ad-jĭcio,	ad-jeci,	ad-jectum,	ad-jicĕre,	<i>add.</i>
lācio, (<i>not used.</i>)				
allĭcio,	allexi,	allectum,	allicĕre,	<i>allure.</i>
elicio,	elicui,	elicitum,	elicĕre,	<i>entice.</i>
rapio,	rapui,	raptum,	rapĕre,	<i>snatch.</i>
corripio,	corripui,	correptum,	corripĕre,	<i>seize.</i>
quatio,	quassi,	quassum,	quaterē,	<i>shake.</i>
concutio,	concussi,	concussum,	concutere,	<i>shake.</i>
sāpio,	{ sapŭi, sapii, }	—	sapĕre,	{ <i>be wise.</i> <i>taste.</i>
spĕcio,		—	specĕre	
	spexi,	spectum,		<i>look at.</i>

ad-spicio,	}	-spexi,	-spectum,	-spicere,	<i>behold.</i>
a-spicio,					
con-spicio,					
pario,	peperi,	{	partum,	{	<i>bring forth.</i>
			paritum,		

Verbs in -lo form the perfect in -ui, and supine -itum :

as,

molo, molui, molitum, molere, *grind.*

-lo.

colo,	colui,	cultum,	colere,	<i>cultivate.</i>
consulo,	consului,	consultum,	consulere,	<i>consult.</i>
alo,	alui,	{ alitum,	alere,	<i>nourish.</i>
		{ altum,		
fallo,	fefelli,	falsum,	fallere,	<i>deceive.</i>
pello,	pepuli,	pulsum,	pellere,	<i>drive away.</i>
percello,	perculi,	perculsum,	percellere,	<i>strike down.</i>
antecello,	—	—	antecellere,	<i>excel.</i>
vello,	{ velli,	vulsum,	vellere,	<i>pluck.</i>
	{ vulsi,			
occulo,	occului,	occultum,	occulere,	<i>hide, conceal.</i>
psallo,	psalli,	—	psallere,	{ <i>play on an</i>
		—		
tollo,	sustuli,	sublatum,	tollere,	<i>lift up, raise.</i>

-mo.

como,	compsi,	comptum,	comere,	<i>deck.</i>
demo,	dempsi,	demptum,	demere,	<i>take away.</i>
promo,	prompsi,	promptum,	promere,	<i>draw forth.</i>
sumo,	sumpsi,	sumptum,	sumere,	<i>take.</i>
premo,	pressi,	pressum,	premere,	<i>press.</i>
emo,	emi,	emptum,	emere,	<i>buy.</i>
fremo,	fremui,	fremitum,	fremere,	<i>murmur.</i>
gemo,	gemui,	gemitum,	gemere,	<i>groan.</i>
tremo,	tremui,	—	tremere,	<i>tremble.</i>

-no.

cano,	cecini,	cantum,	canere,	<i>sing.</i>
contemno,	contempsi,	contemptum,	contemnere,	<i>despise.</i>
gigno,	genui,	genitum,	gignere,	<i>beget.</i>

pono,	posui,	positum,	ponĕre,	<i>place.</i>
cerno,	crevi,	cretum,	cernĕre,	<i>perceive.</i>
lino,	lĕvi, livi,	litum,	linĕre,	<i>smear.</i>
sino,	sĭvi,	sĭtum,	sinĕre,	<i>permit.</i>
desino,	desiĭ,	desĭtum,	desinĕre,	<i>leave off.</i>
sperno,	sprĕvi,	sprĕtum,	spĕrnĕre,	<i>despise.</i>
sterno,	stravi,	stratum,	stĕrnĕre,	<i>{ strew, throw down.</i>

-RO.

gĕro,	gessi,	gestum,	gĕrĕre,	<i>bear, carry on.</i>
uro,	ussi,	ustum,	urĕre,	<i>burn.</i>
curro,	cucurri,	cursum,	currĕre,	<i>run.</i>
sĕro,	serui,	sertum,	serĕre,	<i>join, connect.</i>
sĕro,	sĕvi,	sĕtum,	serĕre,	<i>sow.</i>
quæro,	quæsivi,	quæsĭtum,	quærĕre,	<i>seek, inquire.</i>
tĕro,	trĭvi,	tritum,	terĕre,	<i>rub.</i>
furo,	—	—	farĕre,	<i>rage.</i>
verro,	verri,	versum,	verrĕre,	<i>sweep.</i>

-SO.

arcesso,	arcessiĭ,	arcessĭtum,	arcessĕre,	<i>send for.</i>
capesso,	capessiĭ,	capessĭtum,	capessĕre,	<i>undertake.</i>
lacesso,	lacessiĭ,	laccessĭtum,	laccessĕre,	<i>harass.</i>
viso,	visi,	—	visĕre,	<i>visit.</i>
depsso,	depsui,	depstum,	depsĕre,	<i>knead.</i>
pinso,	pinsi, pinsui,	{ pinsĭtum, pinstum, pistum, }	pinsĕre,	<i>grind.</i>

-XO.

texo,	texui,	textum,	texĕre,	<i>weave.</i>
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-UO.

acuo,	} -ui, -ūtum, -ĕre,	{	<i>sharpen.</i>
arguo,			<i>prove, accuse.</i>
exuo,			<i>put off.</i>
imbuo,			<i>dip, imbue.</i>
induo,			<i>put on.</i>
minuo,			<i>lessen.</i>
statuo,			<i>determine, establish.</i>
suo,			<i>sew.</i>
tribuo,			<i>assign.</i>

ruo,	ruī,	{ ruitum, rūtum,	{ ruēre,	<i>rush.</i>
fluo,	fluxi,	fluctum,	fluēre,	<i>flow.</i>
struo,	struxi,	structum,	struēre,	<i>pile up.</i>
metuo,	metui,	—	metuēre,	<i>fear.</i>
pluo,	plui,	—	pluēre,	<i>rain.</i>

-VO.

solvo,	solvi,	solutum,	solvēre,	<i>loosen, pay.</i>
volvo,	volvi,	volutum,	volvēre,	<i>roll.</i>
vivo,	vixi,	victum,	vivēre,	<i>live.</i>

-SCO.

cresco,	crevi,	cretum,	crescēre,	<i>grow, increase.</i>
disco,	didici,	—	discēre,	<i>learn.</i>
nosco,	novi,	notum,	noscēre,	{ <i>know.</i>
cognosco,	cognovi,	cognitum,	cognoscēre,	
pasco,	pāvi,	pastum,	pascēre,	<i>feed.</i>
quiesco,	quievi,	quietum,	quiescēre,	{ <i>rest, remain</i> <i>quiet.</i>
suesco,	suevi,	suetum,	suescēre,	<i>accustom.</i>
coalesco,	coalui,	coalitum,	coalescēre,	<i>grow together.</i>
concupisco,	concupivi,	concupitum,	concupiscēre,	<i>desire.</i>
condolesco,	condolevi,	—	condolescēre,	<i>feel pain.</i>
convalesco,	convalui,	—	convalescēre,	<i>get well.</i>
exardesco,	exardui,	—	exardescēre,	<i>take fire.</i>
adolesco,	adolēvi,	adultum,	adolescēre,	<i>grow up.</i>
revivisco,	revixi,	revictum,	reviviscēre,	{ <i>come to life</i> <i>again.</i>
calesco,	calui,	—	calescēre,	<i>grow warm.</i>
conticesco,	conticui,	—	conticescēre,	<i>be silent.</i>
contremisco,	contremui,	—	contremiscēre,	<i>tremble.</i>
extimesco,	extimui,	—	extimescēre,	<i>dread.</i>
horresco,	horruī,	—	horrescēre,	<i>shudder.</i>
ditesco,	—	—	ditescēre,	<i>grow rich.</i>
pinguesco,	—	—	pinguescēre,	<i>grow fat.</i>
compesco,	compescui,	—	compescēre,	<i>restrain.</i>
posco,	poposci,	—	poscēre,	<i>demand.</i>

*Fourth Conjugation.**-io, -ivi, -itum, -ire.*

sepelio,	sepelivi,	sepultum,	sepelire,	<i>bury.</i>
farcio,	farsi,	fartum,	farcire,	<i>stuff.</i>
fulcio,	fulsi,	fultum,	fulcire,	<i>prop.</i>
sarcio,	sarsi,	sartum,	sarcire,	<i>patch, repair.</i>
sēpio,	sepsi,	septum,	sepire,	<i>hedge in.</i>
sancio,	{ sanxi, sancivi,	{ sancitum, sanctum,	sancire,	<i>confirm.</i>
vincio,	vinxi,	vinctum,	vincire,	<i>bind.</i>
amicio,	{ amicui, amixi,	amictum,	amicire,	<i>clothe.</i>
sentio,	sensi,	sensum,	sentire,	<i>feel.</i>
compērio,	compēri,	compertum,	comperire,	<i>ascertain.</i>
haurio,	hausi,	haustum,	haurire,	<i>draw.</i>
repērio,	repēri,	repertum,	reperire,	<i>find.</i>
vēnio,	vēni,	ventum,	venire,	<i>come.</i>
apērio,	aperui,	apertum,	aperire,	<i>open.</i>
sālio,	{ salui, salii,	saltum,	salire,	<i>leap, spring.</i>

Comp. -silio, -silui.

fērio,	percussi,	percussum,	ferire,	<i>strike.</i>
eo,	ivi,	itum,	ire,	<i>go.</i>
rēdeo,	{ redivi, redii,	reditum,	rēdire,	<i>return.</i>

DEPONENT VERBS

Have a passive form, but an active signification, as
miror, miratus sum, mirari, admire.

*First Conjugation.**arbitr-or, arbitr-atus sum, arbitr-ari, think.*

auxilior,	<i>help.</i>	dignor,	<i>deem worthy.</i>
conor,	<i>attempt.</i>	glorior,	<i>boast.</i>
cunctor,	<i>delay.</i>	hortor,	<i>exhort.</i>

insidior,	<i>plot against.</i>	precor,	<i>pray.</i>
minor,	<i>threaten.</i>	recordor,	<i>remember.</i>
miror,	<i>admire.</i>	testor,	<i>bear witness.</i>
moror,	<i>delay.</i>	venor,	<i>hunt.</i> [about.
populor,	} <i>lay waste.</i>	versor,	<i>be employed</i>
depopulor,			

Second Conjugation.

fateor,	<i>fassus sum,</i>	fatēri,	<i>confess.</i>
liceor,	<i>licitus sum,</i>	licēri,	<i>bid.</i>
medeor,	—	medēri,	<i>heal.</i>
mereor,	<i>meritus sum,</i>	merēri,	<i>deserve.</i>
misereor,	{ <i>misertus sum</i>	} <i>miserēri,</i>	<i>pity.</i>
	{ <i>miseritus,</i>		
reor,	<i>ratus,</i>	rēri,	<i>think.</i>
tueor,	<i>tuſtus sum,</i>	tuēri,	<i>protect.</i>
vereor,	<i>veritus sum,</i>	verēri,	<i>fear.</i>

Third Conjugation.

adipiscor,	<i>adeptus sum,</i>	adipisci,	<i>obtain.</i>
amplector,	<i>amplexus sum,</i>	amplecti,	<i>embrace.</i>
complector,	<i>complexus sum,</i>	complecti,	<i>embrace.</i>
expergiscor,	<i>experrectus sum,</i>	expergisci,	<i>awake.</i>
fruor,	{ <i>fructus,</i>	} <i>frui,</i>	<i>enjoy.</i>
	{ <i>fructus sum,</i>		
fungor,	<i>functus sum,</i>	fungi,	<i>discharge.</i>
gradior,	<i>gressus sum,</i>	grādi,	<i>advance.</i>
aggredior,	<i>aggressus sum,</i>	aggrēdi,	<i>attack.</i>
invehor,	<i>invectus sum,</i>	invehi,	<i>inveigh against.</i>
irascor,	<i>iratus sum,</i>	irasci,	<i>be angry.</i>
lābor,	<i>lapsus sum,</i>	labi,	<i>glide.</i>
morior,	<i>mortuus sum,</i>	mqri,	<i>die.</i>
nanciscor,	<i>nactus sum,</i>	nancisci,	<i>get.</i>
nitor,	<i>nisus, or nixus,</i>	niti,	<i>strive.</i>
obliviscor,	<i>oblitus sum,</i>	oblivisci,	<i>forget.</i>
paciscor,	<i>pectus sum,</i>	pacisci,	<i>bargain.</i>
pascor,	<i>pastus sum,</i>	pasci,	<i>feed.</i>

patior,	passus sum,	pāti,	<i>suffer.</i>
proficiscor,	profectus sum,	proficisci,	<i>set out.</i>
quēror,	questus sum,	queri,	<i>complain.</i>
revertor,	reversus sum,	reverti,	<i>return.</i>
sequor,	secūtus sum,	sequi,	<i>follow.</i>
vescor,	pastus sum,	vesci,	<i>feed on.</i>
ulciscor,	ultus sum,	ulcisci,	<i>revenge.</i>
ūtor,	usus sum,	uti,	<i>use.</i>

Fourth Conjugation.

adsentior,	adsensus sum,	adsentiri,	<i>assent to.</i>
blandior,	blanditus sum,	blandiri,	<i>flatter.</i>
experior,	expertus sum,	experiri,	<i>try.</i>
largior,	largitus sum,	largiri,	<i>give money.</i>
mentior,	mentitus sum,	mentiri,	<i>lie.</i>
metior,	ensus sum,	metiri,	<i>measure.</i>
molior,	molitus sum,	moliri,	<i>plan.</i>
opperior,	{ oppertus,	{ opperiri,	<i>wait for.</i>
	{ opperitus sum,		
ordior,	orsus sum,	ordiri,	<i>begin.</i>
ōrior,	ortus sum,	oriri,	<i>arise.</i>
partior,	partitus sum,	partiri,	<i>divide.</i>
pōtior,	potitus sum,	potiri,	<i>get possession</i>
sortior,	sortitus sum,	sortiri,	<i>cast lots. [of.</i>

Verbs deponent are declined like verbs passive, but with gerunds and supines like verbs active.

IRREGULAR VERBS.

Present.	Perfect.	Infinitive.	
Possum,	potui,	posse,	<i>am able.</i>
Volo,	volui,	velle,	<i>am willing.</i>
Nolo,	nolui,	nolle,	<i>am unwilling.</i>
Malo,	malui,	malle,	<i>am more willing.</i>
Eo,	Ivi,	Itum,	Ire, <i>go.</i>
Fëro,	tüli,	lätum,	ferre, <i>bear.</i>
Fio,	factus sum,	fïëri,	<i>am made or become.</i>
Fëror,	latus sum,	ferri,	<i>am borne.</i>

INDICATIVE MOOD.

Present Tense.

	<i>Singular.</i>			<i>Plural.</i>	
pössum	potes	potest	possümus	potestis	possunt.
völo	vis	vult	volümus	vultis	völunt.
nolo	nonvis	nonvult	nolümus	nonvultis	nolunt.
malo	mavis	mavult	malümus	mavultis	malunt.
eo	is	it	imus	itis	unt.
fëro	fers	fert	ferimus	fertis	fërunt.
fio	fis	fit	fimus	fitis	fiunt.
feror	feris	fertur	ferimur	ferimini	feruntur.

Preterimperfect Tense.

pöt-ëram	-eras	-erat	-eramus	-eratis	-erant.
völ-ebam	-ebas	-ebat	-ebamus	-ebatis	-ebant.
nöl-ebam					
mäl-ebam					
i-bam	-bas	-bat	-bamus	-batis	-bant.
fër-ebam	-ebas	-ebat	-ebamus	-ebatis	-ebant.
fï-ebam					
fër-ëbar	-ëbaris	-ëbatur	-ëbamur	-ëbamini	-ëbantur.

Preterperfect Tense.

pöt-ui	-uisti	-uit	-üimus	-uistis	-üërunt.
völ-ui					
nöl-ui					
mal-ui					
iv-i	-isti	-it	-imus	-istis	-erunt.
tül-i					
factus					
latus	sum	-es	-est	facti } sumus	-estis sunt.
				lati }	

Preterpluperfect Tense.

pōt-ŭeram	}	-uēras -uerat	-ueramus	-ueratis	-uerant.
vōl-ueram					
nōl-ueram					
māl-ueram					
iv-ēram	}	-ēras -erat	-eramus	-eratis	-erant.
tul-eram					
factus	}	ēram eras erat	facti	}	eramus eratis erant.
latus			lati		

Future Imperfect Tense.

pōt-ēro	}	-eris -erit	-erimus	-eritis	-erunt.
vōl-am					
māl-am					
nōl-am					
i-bo	}	-bis -bit	-bīmus	-bītis	-bunt.
fēr-am					
fiam					
fēr-ar					
		-ēris -etur	-emur	-emīni	-entur.

Future Perfect Tense.

pōt-ŭēro	}	-ŭēris -uerit	-uerimus	-ueritis	-uerint.
vōl-uerō					
nōl-uerō					
māl-uerō					
iv-ēro	}	-ēris erit	-erimus	-eritis	-erint.
tūl-ēro					
factus	}	ēro eris erit	facti	}	erimus eritis erunt.
latus			lati		

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

Present Tense.

pōs-sim	}	-sis -sit	-sīmus	-sītis	-sint.
vōl-im					
nōl-im					
māl-im					
e-am	}	-as -at	-amus	-atis	-ant.
fēr-am					
fī-am					
fēr-ar					
		-aris -atur	-amur	-amīni	-antur.

Preterimperfect Tense.

pos-sem	-ses	-set	-sēmus	-sētis	-sent.
vel-lem	-les	-let	-lēmus	-lētis	-lent.
nol-lem					
mal-lem					
i-rem	-res	-ret	-rēmus	-rētis	-rent.
fer-rem					
fle-rem					
fer-rer	-reris	-rētur	-rēmur	-rēmīni	-rentur,

Preterperfect Tense.

pot-uerim	}	-ūēris	-uerit	-ūērimus	-ūēritis	-ūērint.
vol-uerim						
nol-uerim						
mal-uerim						
iv-erim	}	-ēris	-erit	-ērimus	-ēritis	-ērint.
tul-erim						
factus	}	sim	sis	sit	facti	}
latus						
					lati	simus sitis sint.

Preterpluperfect Tense.

pōt-uissem	}	-uisses	-uisset	-uissemus	-uissetis	-uissem
vōl-uissem						
nōl-uissem						
māl-uissem						
iv-issem	}	-iasses	-isset	-issemus	-issetis	-issent.
tūl-issem						
factus	}	essem	esses	esset	facti	}
latus						
					lati	essemus essetis essent.

Future Imperfect Tense.

iturus	}	sim	sis	sit	ituri	}	simus	sitis	sint.
laturus									
					laturi				

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Noli, nolito; nolite, nolitote; nolunto.

I, ito; ita, itote; ĩunto.

Fer, ferto; ferte, fertote; ferunto.

Fi, —; fite, —.

The other Verbs are wanting in the Imperative.

INFINITIVE MOOD.

Present and Imperfect Tense.

1. posse.	3. nolle.	5. ire.	7. fieri.
2. velle.	4. malle.	6. ferre.	8. ferri.

Preterperfect and Pluperfect Tense.

1. potuisse.	3. noluisse.	5. iuisse.	7. factum esse.
2. voluisse.	4. maluisse.	6. tulisse.	8. latum esse.

Future Tense.

5. iturum esse.

7. factum iri.

6. laturum esse.

8. latum iri.

Eo has part. present, iens; genitive, euntis; gerunds, eundi, eundo, eundum.

Quō, *I am able*, and Nōqueo, *I am unable*, are conjugated like Eo, but have no Imperative Mood nor Gerunda.

NEUTER PASSIVES.

Present.	Perfect.	Infinitive.	P. Part.
audeo,	ausus sum,	audēre,	ausus, <i>dare</i> .
gaudeo,	gavisus sum,	gaudēre,	gavisus, <i>rejoice</i> .
soleo,	solitus sum,	solēre,	solitus, <i>am wont</i> .
fido,	sisus sum,	fidēre,	<i>trust</i> .

IMPERSONAL VERBS

are used only in the third person Singular, and take the word *it* before them.

Present.	Perfect.	
dēcet,	decuit,	<i>it becomes.</i>
libet,	{ libuit, libitum est,	{ <i>it pleases.</i>
licet,	licuit,	<i>it is lawful.</i>
misēret,	misertum est,	<i>it pities.</i>
oportet,	oportuit,	<i>it behoves.</i>
pōnitet,	pōnituit,	<i>it repents.</i>
pīget,	{ piguit, pigitum est,	{ <i>it irks.</i>
pūdet,	{ puduit, puditum est,	{ <i>it shames.</i>
tēdet,	{ tēduit, pertæsum est,	{ <i>it wearies.</i>

Impersonal verbs are thus conjugated:—

Pres.	Imp.	Fut.	Pres. Subj.	Imp.	Infin.
decet,	decēbat,	decēbit,	deceat,	decēret,	decēre.
Perf.	Pluperf.	Fut. Perf.	Plup. Subj.	Infin. Perf.	
decuit,	decuērat,	decuērit,	decuisset,	decuisse.	

DEFECTIVE VERBS

have only some Tenses or Persons.

aio,	<i>I say.</i>	odi,	<i>I hate.</i>
inquam,	<i>I say.</i>	quæso,	<i>I beseech.</i>
cœpi,	<i>I begin, have begun.</i>	nequeo,	<i>{ I am unable,</i>
memîni,	<i>I remember.</i>		<i>cannot.</i>

The following Verbs have an active form, but a passive signification:—

exûlo,	<i>to be banished.</i>	liceo,	<i>to be valued.</i>
fio,	<i>{ to be made, or</i>	vapûlo,	<i>to be beaten.</i>
	<i>become.</i>	vĕneo, venii,	<i>to be sold.</i>

EXAMPLES FOR CONJUGATION.

dico (3),	<i>to say, tell.</i>
tĕgo (3),	<i>to cover.</i>
mando (1),	<i>to command.</i>
dormio (4),	<i>to sleep.</i>
narro (1),	<i>to relate, tell.</i>
bibo (3),	<i>to drink.</i>
rĭdeo (2),	<i>to laugh.</i>
jăcio (3),	<i>to throw.</i>
vĕto (1),	<i>to forbid.</i>
mitto (3),	<i>to send.</i>

cerno (3),	<i>to see, perceive.</i>
quatio (3),	<i>to shake.</i>
vito (1),	<i>to avoid.</i>
pĕto (3),	<i>to seek.</i>
sĕdeo (2),	<i>to sit.</i>
surgo (3),	<i>to rise.</i>
gusto (1),	<i>to taste.</i>
gĕro (3),	<i>to carry on, wage</i>
caveo (2),	<i>to beware.</i>
vĕnio (4),	<i>to come.</i>

compello (1),	<i>to accost.</i>
spargo (3),	<i>to scatter.</i>
sperno (3),	<i>to despise.</i>
pugno (1),	<i>to fight.</i>
āgo (3),	<i>to act, do.</i>
sēco (1),	<i>to cut.</i>
respondeo (2),	<i>to answer.</i>
sepelio (4),	<i>to bury.</i>
lugeo (2),	<i>to mourn.</i>
amitto (3),	<i>to lose.</i>

vincio (4),	<i>to bind.</i>
vīdeo (2),	<i>to see.</i>
rumpo (3),	<i>to burst, break through.</i>
sōno (1),	<i>to sound.</i>
nubo (3),	<i>to marry.</i>
urgeo (2),	<i>to press.</i>
tango (3),	<i>to touch.</i>
indulgeo (2),	<i>to indulge.</i>
cēdo (3),	<i>to yield.</i>
vasto (1),	<i>to lay waste.</i>

scio (4),	<i>to know.</i>
do (1),	<i>to give.</i>
opprimo (3),	<i>to oppress.</i>
ruo (3),	<i>to fall.</i>
sustineo (2),	<i>to sustain.</i>
consūlo (3),	<i>to consult.</i>
mordeo (2),	<i>to bite.</i>
sālio (4),	<i>to leap.</i>
quæro (3),	<i>to enquire, seek.</i>
dēdo (3),	<i>to surrender.</i>

lacero (1),	<i>to tear to pieces.</i>
jāceo (2),	<i>to lie down.</i>
jācio (3),	<i>to throw.</i>
gigno (3),	<i>to beget.</i>
consto (1),	<i>to stand together.</i>
repērio (4),	<i>to find.</i>

sterno (3),	<i>to lay low.</i>
impedio (4),	<i>to hinder.</i>
prohibeo (2),	<i>to prevent.</i>
cædo (3),	<i>to cut.</i>

cædo (3),	<i>to fall.</i>
cædo (3),	<i>to yield.</i>
nosco (3),	<i>to know.</i>
rãpio (3),	<i>to snatch.</i>
misceo (2),	<i>to mix.</i>
pario (3),	<i>to bring forth.</i>
dimico (1),	<i>to fight.</i>
surgo (3),	<i>to rise.</i>
censeo (2),	<i>to think, judge.</i>
apërio (4),	<i>to open.</i>

crëdo (3),	<i>to believe.</i>
sisto (3),	<i>to stop.</i>
adjüvo (1),	<i>to help.</i>
eo (4),	<i>to go.</i>
aspicio (3),	<i>to behold.</i>
dëligo (3),	<i>to choose.</i>
cogo (3),	<i>to compel.</i>
compërio (4),	<i>to find out.</i>
sãpio (3),	<i>to be wise.</i>
nõceo (2),	<i>to hurt, injure.</i>

perdo (3),	<i>to lose.</i>
veneo (4),	<i>to be sold.</i>
vënio (4),	<i>to come.</i>
decido (3),	<i>to fall down.</i>
viso (3),	<i>to visit.</i>
nego (1),	<i>to deny.</i>
reddo (3),	<i>to give back, restore.</i>
appãreo (2),	<i>to appear.</i>
intelligo (3),	<i>to understand.</i>
devello (3),	<i>to pull down.</i>

prodo (3),	<i>to betray.</i>
taceo (2),	<i>to be silent.</i>

finio (4),	<i>to finish, end.</i>
ambulo (1),	<i>to walk.</i>
moereō (2),	<i>to mourn.</i>
contemno (3),	<i>to despise.</i>
eicio (3),	<i>to throw out.</i>
esurio (4),	<i>to be hungry.</i>

DEPONENTS.

quęror,	<i>complain.</i>
męreor,	<i>deserve.</i>
vęnor,	<i>hunt.</i>
moriōr,	<i>die.</i>
oriōr,	<i>arise.</i>
utor,	<i>use.</i>
fāteor,	<i>acknowledge.</i>
obliviscor,	<i>forget.</i>
fungor,	<i>perform.</i>
lęquor,	<i>speak.</i>

metiōr,	<i>measure.</i>
potiōr,	<i>obtain possession of.</i>
hortor,	<i>exhort.</i>
misereor,	<i>pity.</i>
aggrędiōr,	<i>advance.</i>

ADVERBS OF TIME.

Present.

nunc, *now.*
 hodie, *to-day.*
 jam, *now.*

pridie, *the day before.*
 nuper, *lately.*
 modo, *just now.*

*Future.**(Very near.)*

Past.
 tunc, }
 tum, } *then.*
 heri, *yesterday.*
 dudum, }
 pridem, } *heretofore.*

jamjam, {
 mox, { *presently,*
 statim, { *immediately,*
 protinus, *instantly.*
 illico, *straightway.*
 indies, *daily.*

(Remote.)

cras, *to-morrow.*
 postridie, *the day after.*
 nondum, *not yet.*

jamdiu,
 jamdūdum, } *long ago.*
 jampridem,

*Repetition of time.**(Indefinite.)*

quando? *when?*
 aliquando, }
 nonnunquam, } *sometimes.*
 interdum, }
 semper, *always.*
 nunquam, *never.*
 interim, }
 interea, } *in the meantime.*
 quotidie, *daily.*
 interdiu, *in the daytime.*

Indefinite.
 quoties? *how often?*
 sæpe, *often.*
 raro, *seldom.*
 toties, *so often.*
 aliquoties, *for several times.*
 vicissim, *by turns.*
 rursus, *again.*
 iterum, *a second time.*
 subinde, *immediately after.*
 identidem, *several times.*

Continuance of time.

quamdiu? *how long?*
 diu, *long.*
 tamdiu, *so long.*

Definite.

semel, *once.*
 bis, *twice.*
 ter, *thrice.*
 quater, *four times.*

ADVERBS OF ORDER.

inde, *then.*
 deinde, *thereafter.*
 dehinc, *henceforth.*
 porro, *moreover.*
 deinceps, *successively.*

denuo, *anew.*
 denique, *finally.*
 postrēmo, *lastly.*
 primo*, -um, *first.*
 secundo, *secondly.*

* Primo, 'at first:' primum, 'in the first place;' 'first.'

ADVERBS OF PLACE.

(From RUDDIMAN.)

(In a place.)

ubi ? *where ?*
 hic, *here.*
 illic, *there.*
 istic, *there.*
 ibi, *there.*
 intus, *within.*
 foris, *without.*
 ubique, *anywhere.*
 usquam, *anywhere.*
 nusquam, *nowhere.*
 alicūbi, *somewhere.*
 alibi, *elsewhere.*
 ubivis, *anywhere you please.*
 ibidem, *in the same place.*

(To a place.)

quō ? *whither ?*
 huc, *hither.*
 illuc, *thither.*
 intro, *to within.*
 foras, *to without.*
 eo, *thither.*
 alio, *to another place.*
 allquo, *to some place.*
 eōdem, *to the same place.*

(Towards a place.)

quorsum ? *whitherward ?*
 versus, *towards.*
 sursum, *upwards.*
 deorsum, *downwards.*
 retrorsum, *backwards.*
 dextrorsum, *to the right hand.*
 sinistrorsum, *to the left hand.*

(From a place.)

unde, *whence ?*
 hinc, *hence.*
 illinc, *thence.*
 istinc, *from thence.*
 inde, *thence.*
 alicunde, *from elsewhere.*
 utrinque, *on both sides.*
 superne, *from above.*
 inferne, *from beneath.*

(By or through a place.)

qua ? *which way ?*
 hac, *this way.*
 illac, *that way.*
 istac, *that way.*
 alia, *another way.*

ADVERBS OF QUALITY, MANNER, & DEGREE.

adeo, *so.*
 adhuc, *as yet.*
 aliqua, *by some means.*
 aliter, *otherwise.*

bene, *well.*
 breviter, *briefly.*
 certe, *certainly.*
 cœu, *as.*

cito, *quickly.*
 demum, *at length.*
 diu, *for a long time.*
 dudum, *lately.*
 dum, *whilst.*
 etiam, *even, also.*
 fere, *almost.*
 facile, *easily.*
 ferme, *almost.*
 forsan, } *perchance.*
 forsitan, } *perhaps.*
 fortasse, *perhaps.*
 forte, *by chance.*
 frustra, *in vain.*
 furtim, *by stealth.*
 hactenus, *hitherto.*
 haud, *not.*
 imprimis, *in the first place.*
 ita, *so.*
 iterum, *again.*
 libenter, *willingly.*
 magis, *the more, rather.*
 mane, *in the morning.*
 maxime, *especially.*
 melius, *better.*
 minime, *in the least, by no means.*
 modo, *only.*
 multum, *much.*
 ne, *not.*
 nequaquam, *by no means.*
 nimis, } *too much.*
 nimium, }
 non, *not.*
 non modo, *not only.*
 num, *whether.*
 olim, *formerly.*
 omnino, *altogether.*
 optimè, *very well, best of all.*
 pariter, *in like manner.*

parum, *a little.*
 paulatim, *by degrees.*
 paulisper, *for a little while.*
 paulo, *by a little.*
 pene, *almost.*
 pessime, *very ill, worst of all.*
 plerumque, *for the most part.*
 plus, *more.*
 plurimum, *very much.*
 postremo, *finally.*
 primo, *at first.*
 primum, *first.*
 prius, *before.*
 priusquam, *before that.*
 profecto, *truly.*
 prope, *almost.*
 proximè, *next of all.*
 quam, *than.*
 quamobrem ? *why so ?*
 quando ? *when ?*
 quanto ? *by how much ?*
 quare ? *wherefore ?*
 quasi, *as if.*
 quid ? *why ?*
 quò ? *whither ?*
 quocunque ? *whithersoever ?*
 quomodo ? *how ?*
 quondam, *formerly.*
 quotannis, *annually.*
 quousque ? *how far ?*
 quum, } *when.*
 cum, }
 raro, *seldom.*
 recte, *rightly.*
 repente, *suddenly.*
 sæpe, *often.*
 sane, *truly.*
 satis, *enough.*
 scilicet, *truly.*
 secus, *otherwise.*

semper, *always*.
 sic, *so, thus*.
 simulac, *as soon as*.
 summum, *at the most*.
 tam, *so, as well as*.
 tandem, *at length*.
 tanquam, *as if*.
 tanto, *by so much*.
 tantum, *only*.
 tantummōdo, *only*.
 temere, *rashly*.
 ubicunque, *wheresoever*.
 ubique, *everywhere*.
 unā, *together*.

unquam, *ever*.
 usque, *still, even*.
 ut, }
 uti, } *as*.
 utinam, *would that*.
 utpōte, *inasmuch as*.
 valde, *very much*.
 velūti, *as, just as*.
 verbatim, *word for word*.
 vere, *truly*.
 vicissim, *by turns*.
 vix, *scarcely*.
 vulgo, *commonly*.

PREPOSITIONS.

Prepositions governing the accusative.

ad, *to, at*.
 adversus, adversum, *against*.
 ante, *before (time and place)*.
 apud, *with, near, at*.
 circa, circum, *around, about*.
 circiter, *about (time and number)*.
 cis, citra, *on this side*.
 contra, *against, opposite to*.
 erga, *towards*.
 extra, *without, beyond*.
 infra, *beneath, below*.
 inter, *among, between*.
 infra, *within*.
 juxta, *near, beside*.
 ob, *on account of, for*.

penes, *in the power of*.
 per, *through, by*.
 ponē, *behind*.
 post, *after*.
 præter, *beside, except*.
 prope, *near*.
 propter, *near, on account of*.
 secundum, *according to, next to, as to, along*.
 supra, *above*.
 trans, *beyond, on the other side*.
 versus, *towards*.
 ultra, *beyond, on the other side of*.
 usque, *as far as, until*.

Prepositions governing the ablative.

a,* ab, abs, <i>by, from.</i>	præ, <i>for, before, in comparison with.</i>
absque, <i>without.</i>	
coram, <i>before, in presence of.</i>	pro, <i>for, before, in proportion</i>
cum, <i>with.</i>	sine, <i>without.</i> [to.]
de, <i>of, from, concerning.</i>	tēnus, <i>as far as, up to.</i>
e, ex, <i>out of, from.</i>	

Prepositions governing an accusative or an ablative.

clam, *unknown to, without the knowledge of.*
 in, (ac.) *against, into, towards (signifying motion.)* (Ab.) *in, on (without motion).*
 sub, (ac.) *near, before.* (Ab.) *under, before.*
 subter, (ac.) *under, beneath.* (Ab.) *under (rarely occurs).*
 super, (ac.) *above, over, on, upon.* (Ab.) *on, upon, concerning.*

CONJUNCTIONS.

et, que, atque, *and.*
 etiam, quoque, item, *also.*
 neque, nec, *nor.*
 et,—et, *both, and.*
 neque,—neque, *neither, nor.*
 at, ast, sed, autem, verum, vero, *but.*
 tamen, *yet.*
 attamen, veruntamen, *but yet.*
 atqui, *but indeed.*
 enimvĕro, verum, enimvero, *but in truth.*
 aut, vel, ve, *or.*
 nam, namque, enim, etenim, *for.*
 eo, ideo, idcirco, propterea, *on that account.*
 ergo, igitur, *therefore.*
 proinde, *accordingly.*
 quare, quamobrem, quapropter, quocirca, *wherefore.*

* A is only used before consonants, ab before vowels and some consonants, and abs only before te, as abs te—for this, however, a te is also used.

DECLENSION OF GREEK NOUNS.

Nouns after the First Declension in -ē, -as, -es.

N.	Epitom-ē.	Æne-as.	Anchis-es.
G.	Epitom-ēs.	Æne-æ.	Anchis-æ.
D.	Epitom-æ.	Æne-æ.	Anchis-æ.
A.	Epitom-ēn.	Æne-am, -an.	Anchis-ēn.
V.	Epitom-e.	Æne-ā.	Anchis-ē (-ā, -ā, rare).
Ab.	Epitom-ē.	Æne-ā.	Anchis-ē.

Nouns after the Second Declension.

N.	Del-ōs.	Androge-ōs.
G.	Del-i.	Androge-ō, -i.
D.	Del-o.	Androge-ō.
A.	Del-ōn-um.	Androge-ōn, -ō, -ōna.
V.	Del-ē.	Androge-ōs.
Ab.	Del-ō.	Androge-ō.

N.	Orph-ēūs.	Panth-ōūs.
G.	Orph-eos, -ēī, -ī.	Panth-ī.
D.	Orph-eī, -ēī, -ēō.	Panth-ō.
A.	Orph-ēū, -ēum.	Panth-um.
V.	Orph-eu.	Panth-u.
Ab.	Orph-ēō.	Panth-ō.

N.	Col-ōn.	mel-os.	mel-ē.
G.	Col-i.	mel-i.	mel-ōrum.
D.	Col-o.	mel-o.	mel-is.
A.	Col-ōn.	mel-os.	mel-ē.
V.	Col-ōn.	mel-os.	mel-ē.
Ab.	Col-o.	mel-o.	mel-is.

Nouns after the Third Declension.

<i>Singular.</i>	<i>Plural.</i>	<i>Singular.</i>	<i>Plural.</i>
N. poem-a,	poemat-a,	poës-is,	poës-es.
G. poem-atis,	poemat-um, -ōrum,	poës-is,-eos,	poës-eōn.
D. poem-ati,	poemat-is, -ibus,	poës-i,	poës-ibus.
A. poem-a,	poemat-a,	poës-im, -in,	poës-es.
V. poem-a,	poemat-a,		poës-es.
Ab. poemat-e,	poemat-is, -ibus,	poës-i,	poës-ibus.

N. tigris.	tigrides.
G. tigridis, <i>or</i> tigridos,	tigridum ?
D. tigridi,	tigribus ?
A. tigridem, -a, tigrim,	tigres, tigrides.
V. tigris, tigris,	tigres, tigrides.
Ab. tigride,	tigribus ?

N. Erinny-s,	Erinny-es, -ys.
G. Erinny-is, -ys, -yos,	Erinny-um.
D. Erinny-i, -y,	
A. Erinny-n, -m,	Erinny-as, -ys.
Ab. Erinny-e, -y,	

N. Nereis.	Nereid-es.
G. Nereidos-is.	Nereid-um.
D. Nereid-i.	Nereid-ibus.
A. Nereid-em, -a,	Nereid-es.
V. Nerēi,	Nereid-es.
Ab. Nereid-e,	Nereid-ibus.

N. Ech-o.	Did-o.	Memn-on.
G. Ech-us.	Did-us, Did-ōnis.	Memn-onis.
D. Ech-o.	Did-o, Did-ōni.	Memn-oni.
A. Ech-o.	Did-o, Did-onem.	Memn-onem, -ona.
V. Ech-o.	Did-o.	Memn-on.
Ab. Ech-o.	Did-o, Did-one.	Memn-onē.

N.	Æther.	Achillē-us, Achille-s.
G.	Æther-is.	Achille-i, Achill-i, -is, <i>or</i> -eos
D.	Æther-i.	Achill-i, Achill-ei.
A.	Æther-em, -a.	Achill-em, Achill-en, <i>or</i> -ea.
V.	Æther.	Achill-ēu, <i>or</i> Achill-ē.
Ab.	Æther-ē.	Achill-e, <i>or</i> -i.

N.	(Ulix-ēus), Ulyss-es, <i>or</i> Ulix-es.	Pericl-es.
G.	Ulyss-is, Ulix-ēi, Ulix-i.	Pericl-is.
D.	Ulyss-i, Ulix-i, Ulix-ei.	Pericl-i.
A.	Ulyss-em, Ulix-en.	Pericl-em, -ea.
V.	Ulyss-e, Ulix-e.	Pericl-es, -e.
Ab.	Ulyss-e, -i, Ulix-e, -i.	Pericl-e.

N.	Thal-es.
G.	Thal-is, <i>or</i> Thal-etis.
D.	Thal-i, <i>or</i> Thal-eti.
A.	Thal-em, <i>or</i> Thal-eta, <i>or</i> Thal-en.
V.	Thal-e, <i>or</i> Thal-es.
Ab.	Thal-ē, <i>or</i> Thal-ete.

N.	Thucydid-es.
G.	Thucydid-is, <i>or</i> Thucydid-i.
D.	Thucydid-i.
A.	Thucydid-em, <i>or</i> Thucydid-en.
V.	Thucydid-e, <i>or</i> Thucydid-es.
Ab.	Thucydid-e.

ABBREVIATIONS.

A. Aulus.	L. Lucius.	Q. Qu. Quintus.
Ap. Appius.	M. Marcus.	S. Sex. Sextus.
C. Caius.	M'. Manius.	Ser. Servius.
Cn. Cnæus.	Mam. Mamercus.	Sp. Spurius.
D. Decimus.	N. Numerius.	T. Titus.
K. Kæso.	P. Publius.	Ti. Tib. Tiberius.

<i>Æd.</i> <i>Ædilis.</i>	<i>P. C.</i> <i>Patres Conscripti.</i>
<i>Kal. Cal.</i> <i>Calend-æ, &c.</i>	<i>Pl.</i> <i>Plebs.</i>
<i>Cos.</i> <i>Consul.</i>	<i>Pop.</i> <i>Populus.</i>
<i>Coss.</i> <i>Consul-es, or -ibus.</i>	<i>P. R.</i> <i>Populus Romanus.</i>
<i>D.</i> <i>Divus.</i>	<i>Pont. Max.</i> <i>Pontifex Maxi-</i>
<i>Des.</i> <i>Designatus.</i>	<i>Pr.</i> <i>Prætor.</i> [mus.
<i>Eq. Rom.</i> <i>Eques Romanus.</i>	<i>Præ.</i> <i>Præfectus.</i>
<i>F.</i> <i>Filius.</i>	<i>Proc.</i> <i>Proconsul.</i>
<i>Imp.</i> <i>Imperator.</i>	<i>S.</i> <i>Senatus.</i>
<i>Leg.</i> <i>Legatus, Legio.</i>	<i>S. P. Q. R.</i> <i>Senatus popu-</i>
<i>Non.</i> <i>Non-æ, &c.</i>	<i>lusque Romanus.</i>
<i>O. M.</i> <i>Optimus Maximus, (a</i> <i>surname of Jupiter.)</i>	<i>S. C.</i> <i>Senatus Consultum.</i>
	<i>Tr.</i> <i>Tribunus.</i>

The following Nouns in the Plural have a different meaning from the Singular.

<i>Singular.</i>	<i>Plural.</i>
<i>ager, domain, land.</i>	<i>agri, the property of individuals.</i>
<i>ædes, a temple.</i>	<i>ædes, a house.</i>
<i>aqua, water.</i>	<i>aquæ, medicinal springs.</i>
<i>auxilium, help.</i>	<i>auxilia, auxiliary troops.</i>
<i>bonum, something good.</i>	<i>bona, property.</i>
<i>carcer, a prison.</i>	<i>carceres, the barriers of a race course.</i>
<i>castrum, a fort.</i>	<i>castra, a camp.</i>
<i>comitium, a part of the Forum.</i>	<i>comitia, assemblies for election.</i>
<i>copia, abundance.</i>	<i>copiæ, troops.</i>
<i>cupedia, daintiness.</i>	<i>cupediæ, dainties.</i>
<i>epulum, a sacred feast.</i>	<i>epulæ, a banquet.</i>
<i>facultas, a faculty.</i>	<i>facultates, means.</i>
<i>finis, an end.</i>	<i>fines, boundaries.</i>
<i>fortuna, fortune.</i>	<i>fortunæ, goods of fortune.</i>
<i>gratia, a favour.</i>	<i>gratiæ, thanks.</i>
<i>hortus, a garden.</i>	<i>horti, a pleasure garden.</i>

Singular.

littera, *a letter of the alphabet.*
 ludus, *play.*
 lustrum, *a term of five years.*
 naris, *a nostril.*

impedimentum, *a hindrance.*
 natalis, *a birth-day.*
 opera, *labour.*
 ops (gen. opis), *help.*
 pars, *a part.*
 rostrum, *a beak.*

sal, *salt.*
 tabula, *a board.*

Plural.

litteræ, *an epistle.*
 ludi, *public games.*
 lustra, *dens of wild beasts.*
 nares, *nose.*

impedimenta, *baggage.*
 natales, *origin.*
 operæ, *workmen.*
 opes, *power, wealth.*
 partes, *a part in a play.*
 rostra, *the raised place from
 which orators spoke.*
 sales, *witticisms.*
 tabulæ, *writing tablets.*

THE END.

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